#### **Investor Presentation**





Three Months Ending March 31, 2023



#### Safe Harbor Statement

Statements in this presentation regarding Lincoln's business that are not historical facts may be "forward-looking statements" that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time those statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause such differences include, but are not limited to: our failure to comply with the extensive regulatory framework applicable to our industry or our failure to obtain timely regulatory approvals in connection with a change of control of our company or acquisitions; our success in updating and expanding the content of existing programs and developing new programs in a cost-effective manner or on a timely basis; risks associated with changes in applicable federal laws and regulations, including final rules that took effect during 2011 and other pending rulemaking by the U.S. Department of Education; uncertainties regarding our ability to comply with federal laws and regulations regarding the 90/10 rule and cohort default rates; risks associated with the opening of new campuses; risks associated with integration of acquired schools; industry competition; our ability to execute our growth strategies; conditions and trends in our industry; the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on our business and the U.S. and global economics; general economic conditions; and other factors discussed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. For a discussion of such risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" in Lincoln's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. All forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement, and Lincoln undertakes no obligation to revise or update this news release to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof.



#### **Investment Opportunity**





Employers cannot find enough technically trained employees and with the infrastructure bill passed demand for skilled workers should be even greater



#### Leader

Lincoln is a leading, technical, hands-on educator and trainer serving high demand industries (transportation, skilled trades and healthcare) facing this Skills Gap



#### Growth

Proven ability to grow population and revenue in high and low unemployment markets



#### **Profitability**

Long term significant operating leverage with approximately 40% of incremental revenue dropping to the bottom line.



#### **Balance sheet**

Strong balance sheet with resources to expand programs and campuses to accelerate growth



#### **Increasing Efficiency**

Midway through 24 month transformational operational plan of centralizing financial aid, moving to a more efficient hybrid learning model, and standardizing curriculum.

Hybrid model is more attractive to students







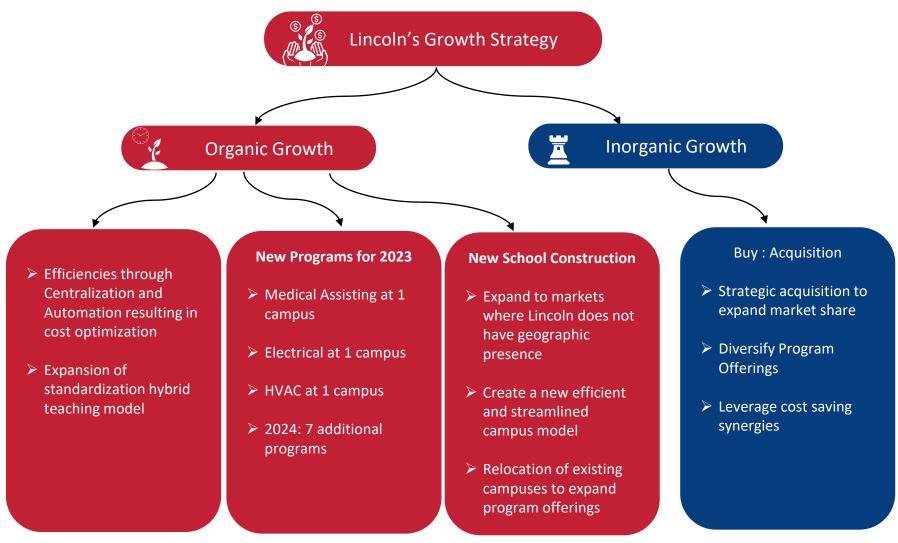






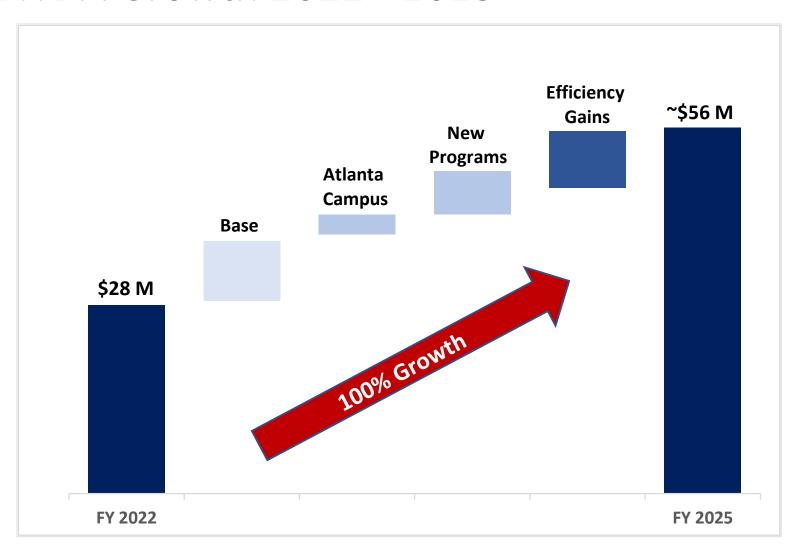


#### **Growth Strategy**





#### **EBITDA Growth 2022 - 2025**

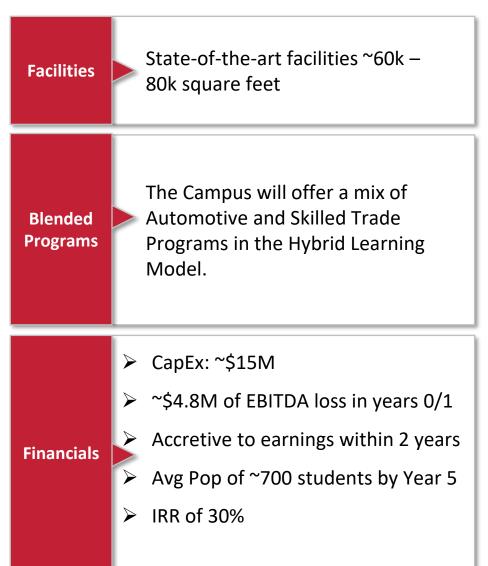


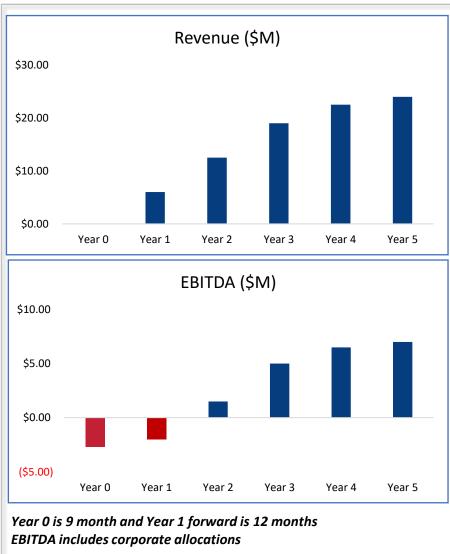
<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted EBITDA, excludes stock-based compensation

<sup>\*</sup> Does not include any future campuses



### New Campus Hybrid Learning Model





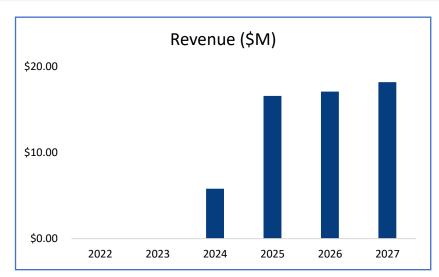


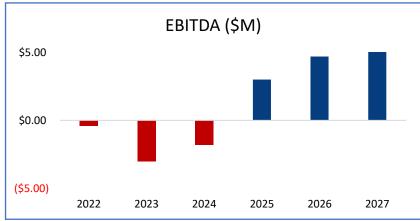
## Atlanta Campus (Opening Q1 2024)

# State-of-the-art facilities > ~55k sq. feet > Capacity for ~700 students > Located near major thoroughfare The Campus will offer: > Automotive > Electrical & Electronic Systems Tech > HVAC > Welding



- ➤ CapEx: ~\$14M
- ~\$5.9M of EBITDA loss in first 26 months
- > Accretive to earnings within 3 years
- > Avg Pop of ~550 students by Year 5
- ➤ IRR of 30%

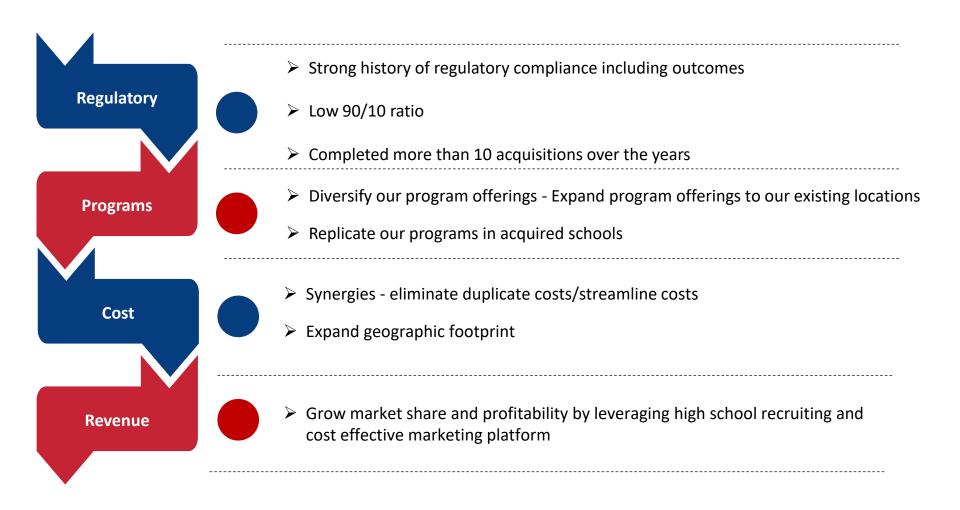




Year 0 is 3 months and Year 1 forward are 12 months EBITDA includes corporate allocations



### Disciplined Acquisition Strategy





#### Lincoln Graduates are Essential Workers



Approximately 90% of our students are pursuing careers that the U.S Department of Homeland Security considers Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers.



# **Company Overview**





#### Nasdaq : LINC

- A national leader with over 75 years of experience
- ➤ Focused on providing hands-on training serving national, large regional, and local employers in transportation, skilled trades, and healthcare
- Strong student outcomes and regulatory record
- ➤ The growing "middle skills gap" will drive growth for the next decade
- ➤ High operating leverage as enrollment grows
- Opportunities to expand footprint and program offerings for additional growth
- Lincoln has historically benefited from economic slowdowns

#### Key Highlights as of 03/31/2023

Stock Price	\$5.66
52-week Price Range	\$4.69 - \$7.71
Common Shares Outstanding	30.0M
Market Capitalization	\$170.0M
Average Daily Volume	60,648
Institutional Ownership	74.0%
Insider Ownership	7.9%
Adjusted Revenues (2022)	\$341.4M
Adjusted EBITDA (2022)	\$28.2M



#### **Lincoln Today**



- Headquartered in Parsippany, NJ
- Operates 21 campuses in 13 states with approximately 12,400 students
- Two segments: Operational and Transitional
- Focused on "middle skills training"
- High employer demand for training in Automotive, Skilled Trades, Healthcare, Hospitality, and IT
- Growing list of industry partners
- Atlanta, GA Campus to open Q1 2024
- Somerville, MA campus closing December 2023 (included in Transitional segment)



# Campuses Across the Country

#### **Opportunity for expansion in the South and West**





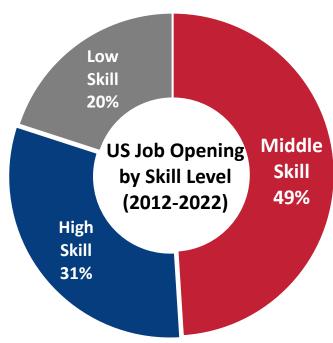
# Demand for "Middle Skills Training"

Middle-skill jobs, which require education beyond high school but not a four-year degree, make up the largest part of America's labor market.

(Source: National Skills Coalition)

Lincoln connects employers with entry level trained professionals from the adult, high school and military sectors.





Source: NSC analysis of long-term occupational projections from state labor/employment agency.



### Drivers of Organic Demand for Training

#### Supply

- Societal pressure to go to college
- Elimination of Vo-Tec programs

**GAP** 

#### **Demand**

- Silver Tsunami aging baby-boomers retiring from the workplace
- Growing skepticism of the value of college
- Employers struggle to find interested candidates
- Simple jobs have become more complex with technology
- Strong demand in healthcare, manufacturing and construction
- Infrastructure spending will exacerbate the shortage
- Less stigma Essential Workers



# Significant Opportunity for Organic Growth

#### BLS data for annual new hires for Lincoln's top programs

Transportation and Skilled	Trades
Automotive Technology	73,300
Diesel Technology	28,500
Collision Repair	15,200
Electrical	79,900
Welding	47,600
HVAC	40,100
CNC Manufacturing Technology	14,700
Lincoln's Market Share	~2.4%

Healthcare and Other Prof	essions			
LPN	58,800			
Medical Assisting	123,000			
Dental Assisting	56,400			
Culinary	237,600			
Baking & Pastry	31,300			
Cosmetology & Aesthetics	100,700			
Information Technology	58,900			
Lincoln's Market Share	~0.5%			

# Our Superior Educational Approach



#### Feedback Integration

#### **Student Support**

- Develop training programs with feedback from employers and key industry associations to understand gaps and needs
- Integrate industry preferred licensing and certifications into the curriculum
- Provide robust student support services to ensure strong outcomes

# Industrial Infrastructure

# Engaging Curriculum

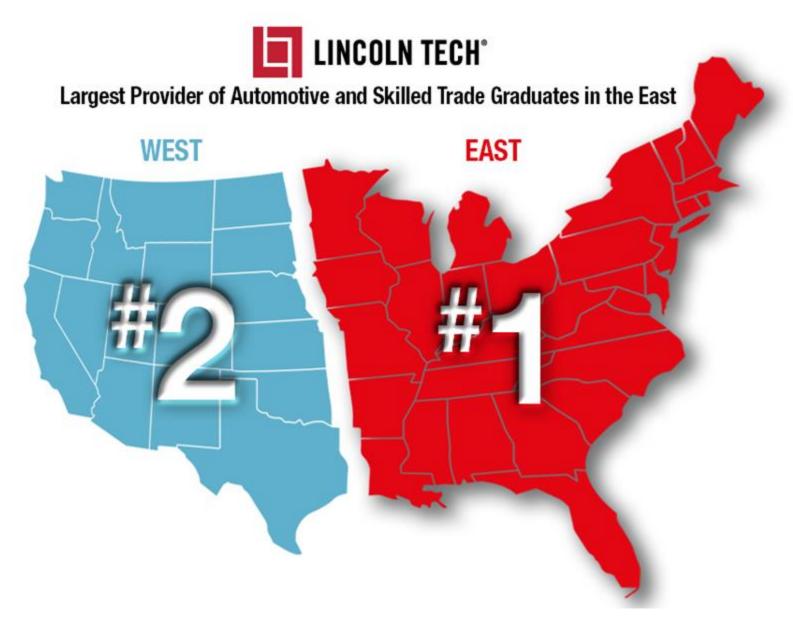
- > Build labs and shops that replicate the working environment using professional grade equipment and tools
- Incorporate cutting edge education technology with animations, videos and simulations to make learning active and engaging

# Graduation and Placement

# Employment Assistance

- Superior graduation rates and placement rates
- Expect students to meet employability standards for appearance, attendance and professional attitude while in school
- Offer an accelerated program with multiple entry points to allow students to graduate quickly and enter the workforce earlier





#### **Growing Base of Industry Partners**



- Positions Lincoln as long-term solutions provider for both entry level technicians and advanced workforce training
- > Employers appreciate the technical and soft skills of our students
- Partners provide validation of the quality of our education
- Co-branding opportunities with elite partners helps attract new students
- > Partners provide <u>better job opportunities for our graduates</u>





#### **Compliance Stats**

**90/10 Rule**: This rule caps the percentage of revenue that a proprietary institution can receive from federal financial aid sources at 90%; the other 10% of revenue must come from alternative sources.

**CDR**: It is the percentage of a school's borrowers who enter repayment on certain Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program or William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan (Direct Loan) Program loans during a particular federal fiscal year (FY), October 1st to September 30th, and default or meet other specified conditions prior to the end of the second following fiscal year.

**Composite Score**: the DOE composite score reflects the overall financial health of an institution. The score can be anywhere along the scale from negative 1.0 to positive 3.0. If an institution receives a score greater than or equal to 1.5, the institution is considered financially responsible.

		FY 20	)22		FY 2021						
Metrics	Company Overall	New Britain OPEID	Indianapolis OPEID	Iselin OPEID	Company Overall	New Britain OPEID	Indianapolis OPEID	Iselin OPEID			
90/10	74%	75%	71%	80%	75%	77%	72%	80%			
90/10*	80%	80%	79%	83%	82%	82%	82%	83%			
CDR**	2.7%	2.9%	2.9%	1.9%	9.8%	10.3%	11.3%	6.6%			
Composite Score	2.9				3.0						

> This data is the annual data submitted to ACCSC for completion and employment rates for programs offered as of July 1, 2022

Total Students Available for Grad.	Total Grads	Completion Percentage	Grads. Available for Employment	Total Employed	Employment Percentage
13,696	8,833	64.5%	8,509	6,924	81.4%

<sup>\*</sup> Currently veteran's educational benefits is not included as part of the 90% limit, however, if it was included, the Company's ratio would remain below 90% as shown in the adjusted ratio.

#### LINCOLN TECH°

# Experienced Management Team (Years at Lincoln)



**Scott Shaw President and CEO** (22)



**Brian Meyers EVP, CFO & Treasurer** (20)



**Stephen Buchenot EVP of Campus** Operations (30)



**Chad Nyce EVP, Chief Innovation** Officer (3)



**Alexandra Luster** EVP, General counsel & Secretary (28)



**Stephen Ace SVP of Human** Resources (15)



**Susan English SVP of Career Services & Industry Partners (38)** 



**Francis Giglio SVP of Compliance and** Regulatory (19)



James Rasmussen **SVP Admissions** (16)



**Peter Tahinos SVP of Marketing** (9)



**Val Thomas SVP & Chief Information** Officer (13)

#### **Board of Directors**





J. Barry Morrow
Non-Executive Chairman,
Lincoln Educational
Services; Founder &
Chief Executive Officer,
BK Capital Group



John A. Bartholdson Co-Founder & Partner, Juniper Investment Co. LLC



James J. Burke, Jr. Founder & Managing Partner, JJB Capital Partners LLC



Kevin M. Carney Former Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, Web.com Group Inc.



**Dr. Michael A. Plater**Former University
President, Strayer
University



Felecia Pryor
Senior Vice President &
Chief People Officer,
John Deere



Carlton Rose
Former President, Global
Fleet Maintenance &
Engineering, UPS; 1981
Lincoln Tech Graduate



Scott M. Shaw
President & Chief
Executive Officer, Lincoln
Educational Services



Sylvia J. Young
Former President & Chief
Executive Officer HCA
Continental Division

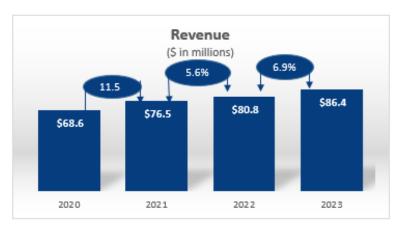


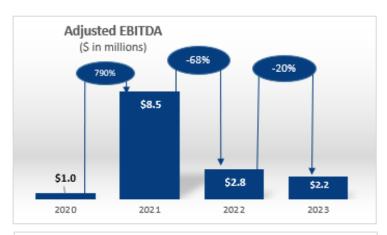
# **Financial Review**

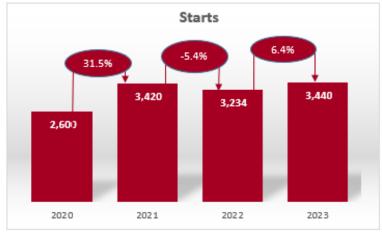


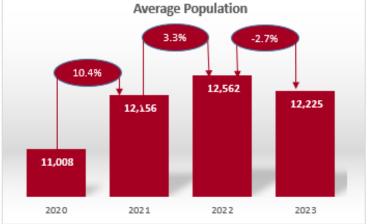


#### Financial Trends 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2020 – 2022





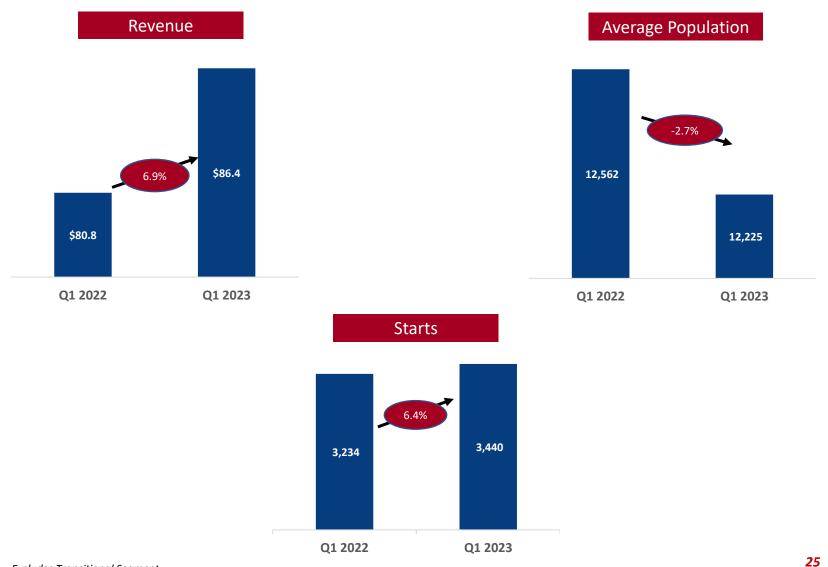






#### Revenue, Starts, & Average Population: Q1

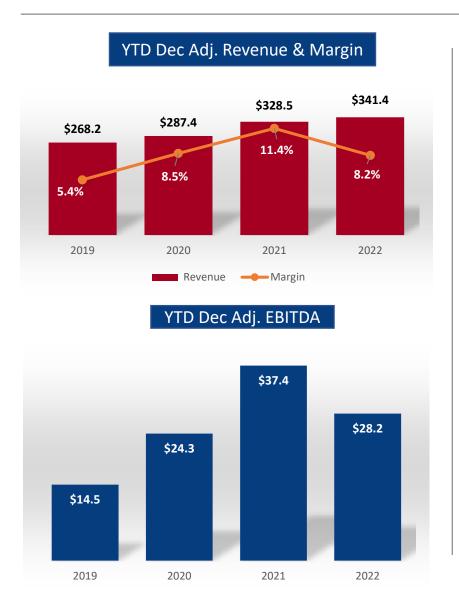
(\$ in millions)

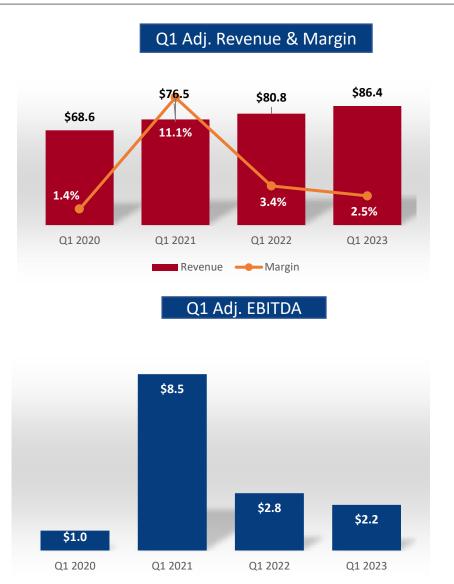


**Excludes Transitional Segment** 









#### 2023 Financial Guidance



	Guidance
Revenue	\$355.0M to \$365.0M
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>1</sup>	\$ 21.0M to \$ 25.0M
Adjusted Net Income <sup>1</sup>	\$ 9.0M to \$ 12.0M
Starts	+5% to +10%
Capital Expenditures	\$ 35.0M to \$ 40.0M

1. The 2023 guidance excludes the impact of the new Atlanta, Georgia campus, with the exception of capital expenditures. In addition, guidance further excludes costs associated with the Company's Transitional segment, one-time expenses not considered part of the Company's normal business operations, and gain realized on the sale of the Nashville, TN property.









#### **Income Taxes**

- ≥2022 Tax provision of \$3.8M; effective tax rate 23.1%
  - Available NOLs \$2.0M of federal and \$44.0M of States to offset 2022 taxable income
  - Estimate income tax liability (cash payments) of ≈\$2.5M
- >2023 Estimated effective tax rate 28.5%









# Seasonality

➤ Operations continue to demonstrate consistent seasonality, with the strongest performance in the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the year

	Adjusted EBITDA Seasonality											
(\$ in 000's)												
Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 TY												
2020	\$	955	\$	3,468	\$	6,461	\$	13,465	\$	24,349		
2021	\$	8,499	\$	6,079	\$	8,378	\$	14,413	\$	37,370		
2022	\$	2,757	\$	2,303	\$	7,446	\$	15,660	\$	28,166		
2023	\$	2,197	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,197		

Adjusted Starts Seasonality										
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TY					
2020	2,600	3,338	5,381	2,568	13,887					
2021	3,420	3,590	5,320	2,627	14,957					
2022	3,234	3,742	4,815	2,750	14,541					
2023	3,440	-	-	-	3,440					



#### Real Estate Assets

# Owned Facilities

- Nashville, TN
  - Pending sale agreement expected to close second quarter of 2023 for net proceeds of \$34.5M

# Leased Facilities

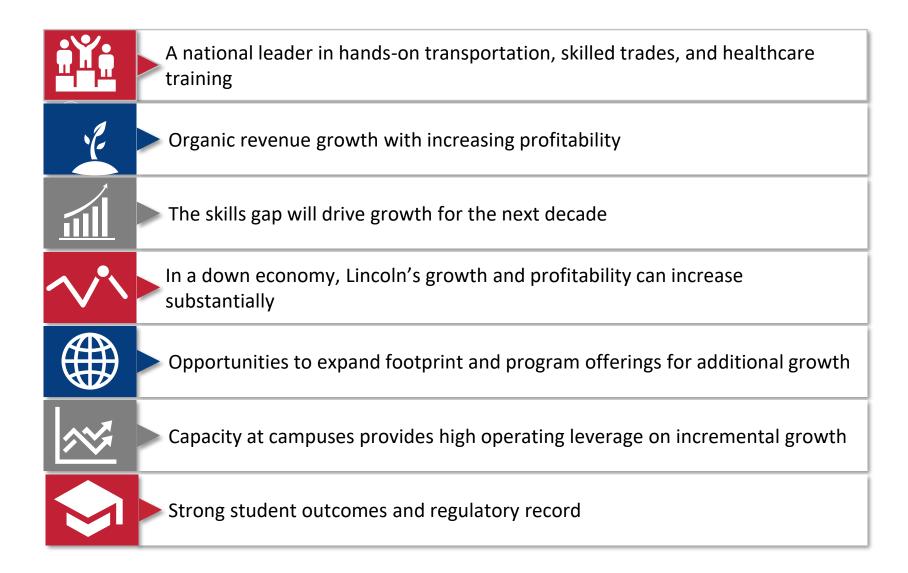
- ➤ 21 Campuses (excluding Transitional)
- ➤ 1 Corporate Headquarters
- Atlanta (new campus)
  - Opening expected Q1 2024

# Goals

- Continue to right-size facilities
  - Space reduction
  - Sublease opportunities
- Increase utilization with program expansion and hybrid teaching model standardization

#### **Investment Merits**







# **Appendix**





# Population

	Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	2023	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	2022
<u>Starts</u>										
Auto/Skilled Trades	2,263	-	-	-	-	2,131	2,543	3,519	1,500	9,693
Health Care & Other	1,177				-	1,103	1,199	1,296	1,250	4,848
Total Company	3,440	-	-	-	-	3,234	3,742	4,815	2,750	14,541
<u>Population</u>										
Auto/Skilled Trades	8,488	-	-	-		8,598	8,798	9,266	8,243	
Health Care & Other	3,925	-	-	-		4,041	3,906	4,025	3,953	
<b>Total Company</b>	12,413	-	-	-		12,639	12,704	13,291	12,196	
Average Population										
Auto/Skilled Trades	8,281		_	_	_	8,588	8,346	8,778	8,904	8,654
•	·	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	•	
Health Care & Other	3,945					3,974	3,980	3,772	4,067	3,948
Total Company	12,225	-	-	-	-	12,562	12,326	12,551	12,972	12,602



#### Use of Non-GAAP Financial Information

This presentation contains non-GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) financial measures, which are intended to supplement, but not substitute for, the most directly comparable GAAP measures. Management chooses to disclose to investors these non-GAAP financial measures because they provide an additional analytical tool to clarify the results from operations and help to identify underlying trends. Additionally, such measures help compare the company's performance on a consistent basis across time periods. Management defines As Reported as actual operating results derived from previously filed annual and quarterly financial information submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Management defines EBITDA as loss before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Management defines Pro forma as actual operating results derived from previously filed annual and quarterly financial information submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission excluding unusual and non-recurring transactions such as closed school operations, gain on sale of assets and interest normalization. Management defines interest normalization as adjusting interest expense on debt from prior years using the Company's current credit agreement terms. To obtain a complete understanding of the company's performance, these measures should be examined in connection with revenue, operating loss and net loss, determined in accordance with GAAP, as presented in the financial statements and notes thereto included in the annual and quarterly filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Since the items excluded from these measures are significant components in understanding and assessing financial performance under GAAP, these measures should not be considered to be an alternative to revenue, operating loss and net loss as a measure of the company's operating performance. Exclusion of items in the non-GAAP presentation should not be construed as an inference that these items are unusual, infrequent or non-recurring. Other companies, including other companies in the education industry, may calculate non-GAAP financial measures differently than the Company does, limiting their usefulness as a comparative measure across companies. A reconciliation of the historical non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures is included in the following slides.



#### **Financial Statements**

#### Our financial statements reflect the following operational results:

- **1. Consolidated operations** Consists of total operations from the 2 on-going campus segments (Transportation and Skilled Trades & Healthcare and Other Professions), transitional segment campuses & corporate expenses
- **2. Adjusted EBITDA** We define Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA plus stock compensation expense and adjustments for items not considered part of the company's normal recurring operations
- **3. Adjusted Net Income** We define Adjusted Net Income as Net Income plus adjustments for Items not part of the company's normal recurring operations
- **4. Adjusted Revenue -** We define Adjusted Revenue as revenue excluding the Transitional segment



# Quarterly EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

	Foi	th	e Three I	Μo	nths Ende	ed		F	or the
	March 31, 2022		June 30, 2022		Sept 30, 2022		Dec 31, 2022		r Ended 2022
Net Income (loss)									
Total Company	\$ 272	\$	259	\$	3,544	\$	8,558	\$	12,634
Add-back:									
Interest expense, net	43		35		36		(271)		(157)
Provision for income taxes	 (641)		102		1,300		3,041		3,802
Operating Income (loss)	\$ (326)	\$	396	\$	4,880	\$	11,328	\$	16,279
Depreciation and amortization:									
Total Company	 1,528		1,529		1,561		1,745		6,362
EBITDA	\$ 1,202	\$	1,925	\$	6,441	\$	13,073	\$	22,641
Stock Compensation	1,239		491		637		745		3,111
Transitional Segment	56		82		71		198		408
Gain on sale of asset	1		(195)		16		1		(177)
Impairment of long-lived assets	-		-		-		1,049		1,049
New campus start up costs	-		-		139		230		369
Severance and other one time items	259		-		141		364		765
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,757	\$	2,303	\$	7,446	\$	15,660	\$	28,166

	For	the	Three I	Mont	hs End	ed		For the				
31	-Mar-23	June 30, 2023		Se	pt 30, :023	De	ec 31, 023	Year Ended 2023				
\$	(108)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(108)			
	(442)		-		-		-		(442)			
	(565)		-		-				(565)			
\$	(1,115)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,115)			
	1,253								1,253			
\$	138	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	138			
	812		-		-		-		812			
	193		-		-		-		193			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	260		-		-		-		260			
	794		-		-		-		794			
\$	2,197	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,197			



#### EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

		For	r th	e Three I	Mor	iths End	ed			or the
	March 31, 2020		J	June 30, 2020		Sept 30, 2020		Dec 31, 2020	Ye	ar Ended 2020
Net Income (loss)										
Total Company	\$	(1,750)	\$	783	\$	3,512	\$	46,020	\$	48,565
Add-back:										
Interest expense, net		354		327		278		315		1,274
Provision for income taxes		50		50		50		(35,209)		(35,059)
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(1,346)	\$	1,160	\$	3,840	\$	11,126	\$	14,780
Depreciation and amortization:										
Total Company		1,890		1,874		1,783		1,854		7,401
EBITDA	\$	544	\$	3,034	\$	5,623	\$	12,980	\$	22,181
Stock Compensation		292		325		670		400		1,686
Transitional Segment		119		109		168		85		482
Gain on sale of asset		-		-		-		-		-
Impairment of long-lived assets		-		-		-		-		-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	955	\$	3,468	\$	6,461	\$	13,465	\$	24,349

1		Fo	For the								
	March 31, 2021		June 30, 2021		s	ept 30, 2021		Dec 31, 2021		r Ended 2021	
	\$	4,489	\$	2,426	\$	3,839	\$	23,964	\$	34,718	
		285 1,245		297 729		292 1,614		1,142 8,939		2,015 12,528	
	\$	6,019	\$	3,452	\$	5,745	\$	34,045	\$	49,261	
	<u>_</u>	1,901	_	1,793	_	1,927	_	1,520	_	7,141	
	>	7,920	\$	5,245	\$	7,673	Þ	35,565	\$	56,402	
		493 844 757		757		796		2,888			
		87		(9)		(51)		(168)		(141)	
				-		(22,479)		(22,479)			
		-	-			-		700		700	
	\$	8,499	\$	6,079	\$	8,378	\$	14,413	\$	37,370	

		For the Three Months Ended							For the	
	31	31-Mar-19		June 30, 2019		Sept 30, 2019		Dec 31, 2019	Yea	r Ended 2019
Net Income (loss)										
Total Company	\$	(5,467)	\$	(3,063)	\$	1,339	\$	9,206	\$	2,015
Add-back:										
Interest expense, net		552		827		754		822		2,955
Provision for income taxes		50		144		50		24		268
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(4,865)	\$	(2,093)	\$	2,143	\$	10,052	\$	5,237
Depreciation and amortization:										
Total Company		2,050		1,940		1,982		2,144		8,116
EBITDA	\$	(2,816)	\$	(153)	\$	4,125	\$	12,197	\$	13,353
Stock Compensation		52		190		218		218		679
Transitional Segment		221		126		134		31		512
(Gain)/Loss Sale of Fixed Asset		-		-		-		-		-
Rent for Sale Lease Back		-		-		-		-		-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(2,543)	\$	164	\$	4,478	\$	12,445	\$	14,544



#### Revenue Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

**Adjusted Revenue** 

	F	For the Three Months Ended					For the Three Months Ended						
	March 31,		Sept 30,	Dec 31,	Year Ended	Marcl	· 1	June 30,	Sept 30,	Dec 31,	Year Ended		
	2022	2022	2022	2022	2022	202	23	2023	2023	2023	2023		
Revenue													
Total Company	\$ 82,554	\$ 82,142	\$ 91,813	\$ 91,778	\$ 348,287	\$ 87	7,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,284		
Adjustments to Revenue													
Transitional Segment	\$ 1,773	\$ 1,794	\$ 1,728	\$ 1,552	\$ 6,847	\$	932	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 932		
Adjusted Revenue	\$ 80,782	\$ 80,349	\$ 90,085	\$ 90,225	\$ 341,441	\$ 86	5,352	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,352		
	F	or the Three	Months End	led	For the		Fo	r the Three	Months End	ed	For the		
	March 31,	June 30,	Sept 30,	Dec 31,	Year Ended	Marcl	h 31,	June 30,	Sept 30,	Dec 31,	Year Ended		
	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	202	21	2021	2021	2021	2021		
Revenue		•	•	•					•	•	<u> </u>		
Total Company	\$ 70,041	\$ 62,470	\$ 78,792	\$ 81,792	\$ 293,095	\$ 77	7,996	\$ 80,464	\$ 89,059	\$ 87,816	\$ 335,336		
Adjustments to Revenue													
Transitional Segment	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,324	\$ 1,542	\$ 1,443	\$ 5,727	\$ 1	.,475	\$ 1,795	\$ 1,774	\$ 1,762	\$ 6,807		
			1.										
Adjusted Revenue	\$ 68,624	\$ 61,145	\$ 77,250	\$ 80,349	\$ 287,368	\$ 76	5,521	\$ 78,669	\$ 87,285	\$ 86,053	\$ 328,529		
	F	or the Three	Months End	led	For the								
	March 31,		Sept 30,	Dec 31,	Year Ended								
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019								
Revenue													
Total Company	\$ 63,263	\$ 63,569	\$ 72,594	\$ 73,915	\$ 273,342								
Adjustments to Revenue	4		d 4.222	<b>6</b> 4.40=	6 5 4 5 7								
Transitional Segment	\$ 1,208	\$ 1,244	\$ 1,299	\$ 1,407	\$ 5,157								

\$ 62,056 \$ 62,326 \$ 71,296 \$ 72,508 \$ 268,185



#### Net Income Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

	For			e Three N	F	or the				
	March 31, 2022		J	June 30, 2022		Sept 30, 2022		Dec 31, 2022		er Ended 2022
Net Income (loss)										
Total Company	\$	272	\$	259	\$	3,544	\$	8,558	\$	12,634
Adjustments to Net Income										
Transitional		56		82		71		198		408
Gain on sale of asset		-		(195)		16		1		(177)
Impairment of long-lived assets		-		-		-		1,049		1,049
New school opening costs		-		-		139		230		369
Severance and other one-time costs		260		390		141		472		1,263
Total adjustments		316		277		368		1,951		2,912
Income tax effect		(91)		(80)		(106)		(562)		(839)
Adjusted Net Income	\$	497	\$	457	\$	3,806	\$	9,947	\$	14,707

Fo	For the					
March 31, 2023	June 30, 2023	Sept 30, 2023	Dec 31, 2023	Year Ended		
\$ (109)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (109)		
193	-	-	-	193		
-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-		
260	-	-	-	260		
973				973		
1,426	-	-	-	1,426		
(406)	-	-	-	(406)		
\$ 911	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 911		