Investor Presentation



BRIDGING THE SKILLS GAP





LINCOLN TECH°

Quarter Ended September 30, 2021

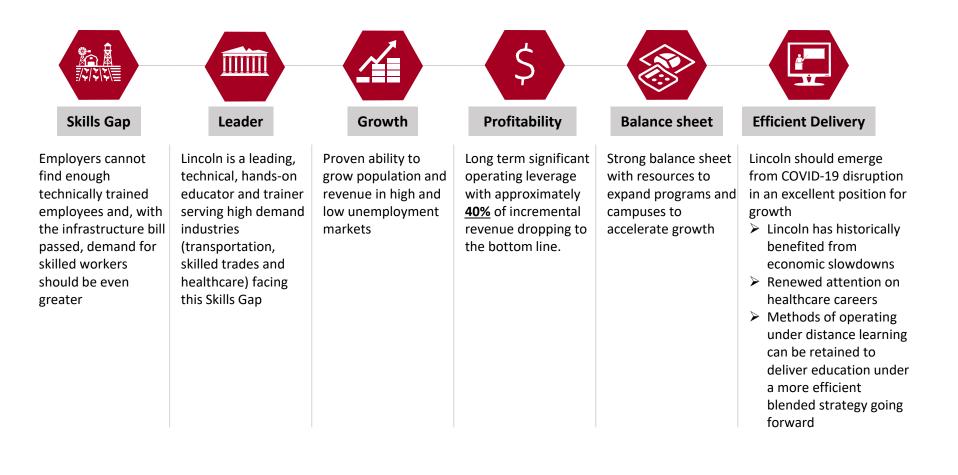


Safe Harbor Statement

Statements in this presentation regarding Lincoln's business that are not historical facts may be "forward-looking" statements" that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time those statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause such differences include, but are not limited to: our failure to comply with the extensive regulatory framework applicable to our industry or our failure to obtain timely regulatory approvals in connection with a change of control of our company or acquisitions; our success in updating and expanding the content of existing programs and developing new programs in a cost-effective manner or on a timely basis; risks associated with changes in applicable federal laws and regulations, including final rules that took effect during 2011 and other pending rulemaking by the U.S. Department of Education; uncertainties regarding our ability to comply with federal laws and regulations regarding the 90/10 rule and cohort default rates; risks associated with the opening of new campuses; risks associated with integration of acquired schools; industry competition; our ability to execute our growth strategies; conditions and trends in our industry; the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on our business and the U.S. and global economics; general economic conditions; and other factors discussed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. For a discussion of such risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" in Lincoln's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. All forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement, and Lincoln undertakes no obligation to revise or update this news release to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof.

Investment Opportunity

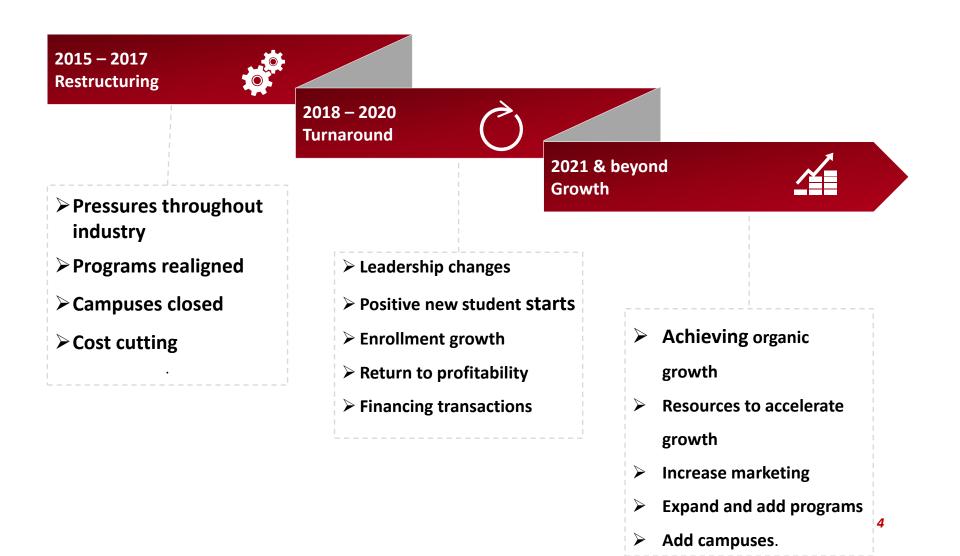








2021 : A New Chapter for Lincoln





Transformational Impact of COVID-19

Pivoted to Online/Blended

Strong 2020 Results

2021 Operations

2022 and Beyond

- All campuses were closed mid March 2020 & moved to remote services
- Campuses started to re-open in June 2020 with all open by August
- All campus support services offered at the campus and remotely
- Lincoln finished 2020 financially stronger than 2019
- Revenue grew by 7.2% to \$293.0 million and starts increased 10.7%
- EBITDA grew by 66.1% to \$22.2 million
- Cash increased and debt declined to end the year net cash +
- Started 2021 with 1,034 more students
- Expect to operate with the current social distancing rules
- Continued strong start growth
- Improving online delivery to enhance student engagement
- Launching 4 new programs to increase growth
- Monetized real estate through a sale-leaseback transaction
- All programs will be blended 25% online / 75% on campus.
- Lincoln's existing operations will be simplified and streamlined
- Additional services will improve graduation and placement rates
- Operating efficiencies should lead to increased profitability



Lincoln Graduates are Essential Workers



Approximately 90% of our students are pursuing careers that the U.S Department of Homeland Security considers Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers.



Company Overview



LINCOLN TECH°

Nasdaq : LINC

- A national leader with 75 years of experience
- Focused on providing hands-on training serving national, large regional, and local employers in transportation, skilled trades, and healthcare
- Strong student outcomes and regulatory record
- The growing "middle skills gap" will drive growth for the next decade
- High operating leverage as enrollment grows
- Unlocking value in our real estate to provide additional liquidity to accelerate growth
- Opportunities to expand footprint and program offerings for additional growth

Key Highlights

Stock Price as of 9/30/2021	\$6.69
52-week Price Range	\$4.53 - \$8.08
Common Shares Outstanding	25.1M
Market Capitalization	\$168.2M
Average Volume (3 mo.)	77,709
Revenues (2020)	\$293.1 M
EBITDA (2020)	\$22.2 M
Institutional Ownership	67.6%
Insider Ownership	9.7%



Lincoln Today



- Headquartered in Parsippany, NJ
- Operates 22 campuses in 14 states with approximately 14,000 students
- Two segments focused on "middle skills training"

Transportation and Skilled Trades	Healthcare and Other Professions
13 Campuses	9 Campuses
Approximately 9,500 students*	Approximately 4,500 students*
High employer demand for training in Automotive, Diesel, HVAC, CNC, Welding, Electrical	Growing demand for healthcare professionals
Growing list of industry partners	Strong demand by students especially for licensed practical nursing



Campuses Across the Country

Opportunity for expansion in the South and West





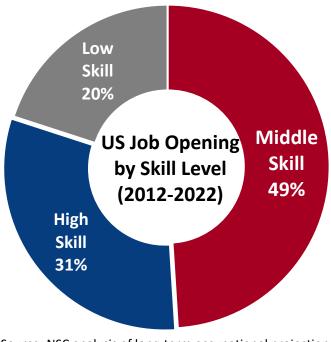
Demand for "Middle Skills Training"

Middle-skill jobs, which require education beyond high school but not a four-year degree, make up the largest part of America's labor market.

(Source: National Skills Coalition)

Lincoln connects employers with entry level trained professionals from the adult, high school and military sectors.





Source: NSC analysis of long-term occupational projections from state labor/employment agency.



Drivers of Organic Demand for Training

- Societal pressure to go to college
- Elimination of Vo-Tec programs

Skills Gap

Demand

Supply

- Silver Tsunami aging baby-boomers retiring from the workplace
- Growing skepticism of the value of college
- Employers struggle to find interested candidates
- Simple jobs have become more complex with technology
- Strong demand in healthcare, manufacturing and construction
- Infrastructure spending will exacerbate the shortage
- Less stigma Essential Workers



Significant Opportunity for Organic Growth

BLS data for annual new hires for Lincoln's top programs

Transportation and Skilled Tra	Healthcare and Other Pro	fessions			
Automotive Technology	74,000	LPN	66,300		
Diesel Technology	28,400	Medical Assisting	99,700		
Collision Repair	16,000	Dental Assisting	44,800		
Electrical	94,600	Culinary	158,500		
Welding	48,800	Baking & Pastry	28,100		
HVAC	42,800	Cosmetology	94,600		
Electronic Systems Technology	12,700	Aesthetics	9,400		
CNC Manufacturing Technology	13,600	Information Technology	65,000		
Lincoln's Market Share ~1.	Lincoln's Market Shar	e ~0.5%			

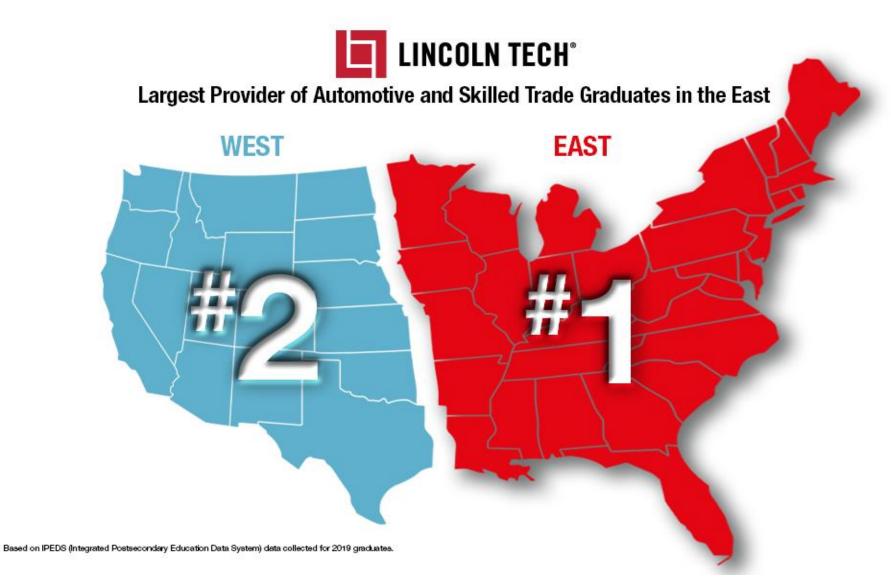
National figures cited above are based on projected annual job openings which refers to the average annual job openings due to growth and net replacement. This data was compiled from the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the years 2018 through 2028, www.careeronestop.org, captured on November 2, 2020. State-specific employment projections can also be found at careeronestop.org.

Our Core Strength



Feedback Integration	 Develop training programs with feedback from employers and key industry associations to understand gaps and needs Integrate industry preferred licensing and certifications into the
Student Support	 curriculum Provide robust student support services to ensure strong outcomes
Industrial Infrastructure	Build labs and shops that replicate the working environment using professional grade equipment and tools
Engaging Curriculum	 Faculty all come from industry Incorporate cutting edge education technology with animations, videos and simulations to make learning active and engaging
Graduation and Placement	 Superior graduation rates and placement rates Expect students to meet employability standards for appearance, attendance and professional attitude while in school
Employment Assistance	 Offer an accelerated program with multiple entry points to allow students to graduate quickly and enter the workforce earlier







Growing Base of Industry Partners

- Positions Lincoln as long-term solutions provider for both entry level technicians and advanced workforce training
- Employers appreciate the technical and soft skills of our students
- Partners provide validation of the quality of our education
- Co-branding opportunities with elite partners helps attract new students
- Partners provide <u>better job opportunities for our graduates</u>





Experienced Management Team (Years at Lincoln)



Scott Shaw President and CEO (20)



Brian Meyers EVP, CFO & Treasurer (18)



Stephen Buchenot EVP of Campus Operations (28)



Chad Nyce EVP, Chief Innovation Officer (1)



Alexandra Luster EVP, General counsel & Secretary (26)



Stephen Ace SVP of Human Resources (13)



Ami Bhandari SVP of Education and Corporate Strategy (18)



Susan English SVP of Career Services & Industry Partners (36)



Francis Giglio SVP of Compliance and Regulatory (17)



James Rasmussen SVP Admissions (14)



Tayfun Selen SVP Administration and Real Estate (10)



Peter Tahinos SVP of Marketing (6)



Val Thomas SVP & Chief Information Officer (11)



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



J. Barry Morrow Non-Executive Chairman, Lincoln Educational Services; Founder & Chief Executive Officer, BK Capital Group



John A. Bartholdson Co-Founder & Partner, Juniper Investment Co. LLC



Dr. Michael A. Plater Former University President, Strayer University



James J. Burke, Jr. Founder & Managing Partner, JJB Capital Partners LLC



Kevin M. Carney Former Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, Web.com Group Inc.



Celia H. Currin Former Marketing Executive, Dow Jones & Wall Street Journal*



Ronald E. Harbour Senior Advisor, Global Automotive Manufacturing Practice, Oliver Wyman Co.



Felecia Pryor Chief Human Resources Officer, BorgWarner



Carlton Rose President, Global Fleet Maintenance & Engineering, UPS; 1981 Lincoln Tech Graduate



Scott M. Shaw President & Chief Executive Officer, Lincoln Educational Services

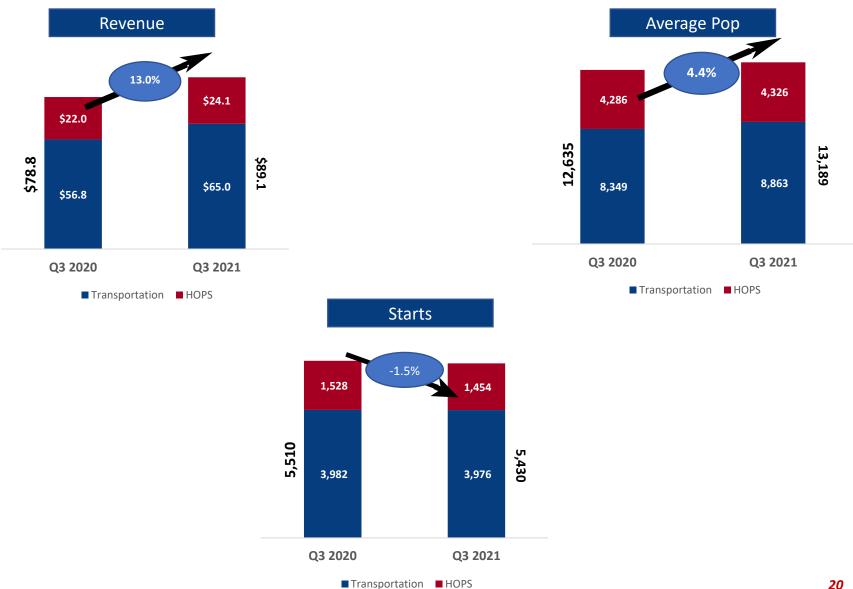


Financial Review

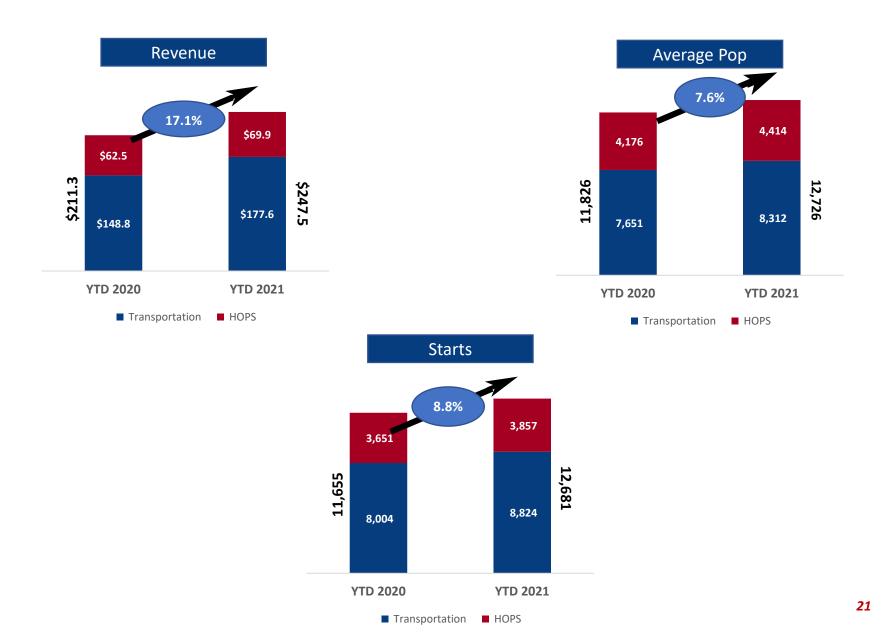




Revenue, Starts, & Average Population: Q3



Revenue, Starts, & Average Population: Year to Date September



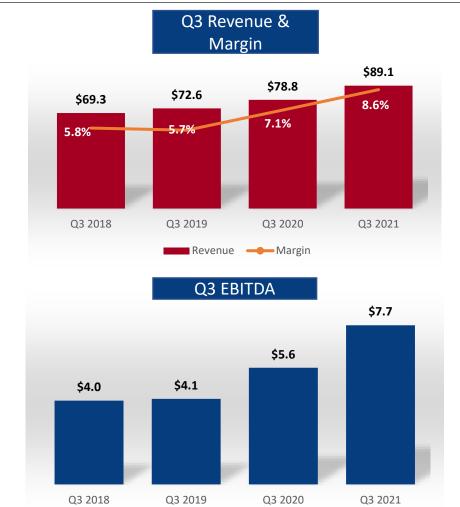
LINCOLN TECH°

Total Operations (\$ in millions)

- Approximately 14,000 students enrolled at 22 campuses as of 09/30/2021
- Key metrics such as revenue and average population continue to grow
- Approximately 5,400 student starts for the quarter ending September 2021

LINCOLN TECH[®]

Average population grew approximately 550 vs. PY for the three months ending September 2021



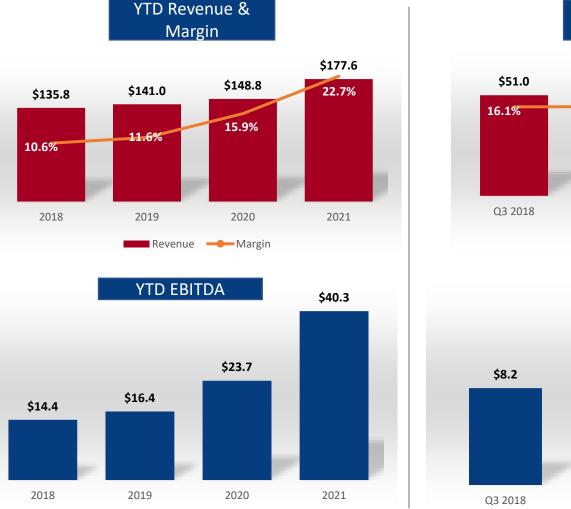


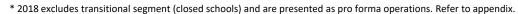
* 2018 excludes transitional segment (closed schools) and are presented as pro forma operations. Refer to appendix.

Transportation and Skilled Trades (\$ in millions)

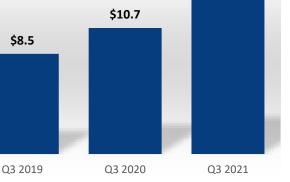
LINCOLN TECH°

- Approximately 8,800 starts for the nine months ending September 2021
- Average Population increased by approximately 700 students for the nine months ending September 2021
- Approximately 9,500 students enrolled at 13 campuses as of 09/30/2021
- Average Population increased by approximately 500 students for the three months ending September 2021









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Healthcare and Other Professions (\$ in millions)

LINCOLN TECH°

- Approximately 3,900 starts for the nine months ending September 2021
- Average population increased by approximately 200 students for the nine months ending September 2021
- Approximately 4,500 students enrolled at 9 campuses as of 09/30/2021
- Average Population increased by approximately 50 students for the three months ending September 2021







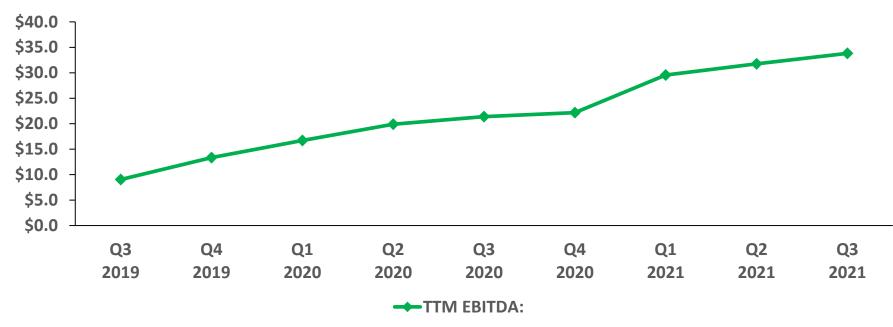


* 2018 excludes transitional segment (closed schools) and are presented as pro forma operations. Refer to appendix.



Increasing Profitability (\$ in millions)

Total Company EBITDA on a Trailing 12-month basis



• 09/30/2021 EBITDA was +\$2M vs. +\$1.5M on 09/30/2020



EBITDA & Net Income Summary (\$ in millions)

	Q3		YTD)	Gro	wth
	2020	2021	2020	2021	Q3	YTD
		Reve	enue			
Transportation	\$56.8	\$65.0	\$148.8	\$177.6		
HOPS	\$22.0	\$24.1	\$62.5	\$69.9		
Total Revenue	\$78.8	\$89.1	\$211.3	\$247.5	13.0%	17.1%
		EBI	TDA			
Transportation	\$10.7	\$13.5	\$23.7	\$40.3		
HOPS	\$1.8	\$2.0	\$6.7	\$8.1		
Corporate	-\$6.8	-\$7.8	-\$21.2	-\$27.6		
Total EBITDA	\$5.6	\$7.7	\$9.2	\$20.8	36.5%	126.5%
		Net In	icome			
Transportation	\$9.1	\$11.8	\$18.8	\$35.4		
HOPS	\$1.7	\$1.8	\$6.4	\$7.7		
Corporate	-\$7.3	-\$9.8	-\$22.7	-\$32.4		
Total Net Income	\$3.5	\$3.8	\$2.5	\$10.8	9.3%	322.6%



Income Taxes

- 2020 Release of Valuation Allowance \$35.9M
- 2021 Effective Tax Rate 28%
- \$43M of Federal NOL's to offset 2021 taxable income and gain on sale of real estate transaction





Pro Forma Operations Seasonality*

	Pro Forma EBITDA Seasonality														
	(\$ in 000's)														
	Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 TY														
2018	\$	(4,033)	\$	(540)	\$	4,039	\$	10,977	\$	10,442					
2019	\$	(2,814)	\$	(153)	\$	4,125	\$	12,197	\$	13,355					
2020	\$	544	\$	3,034	\$	5,623	\$	12,980	\$	22,181					
2021	\$	7,920	\$	5,245	\$	7,673									

	Pr	o Forma Sta	arts Seasona	ality	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	ТҮ
2018	2,707	2,874	4,623	2,113	12,317
2019	2,859	2,977	4,779	2,319	12,934
2020	2,716	3,429	5,510	2,666	14,321
2021	3,548	3,703	5,430		



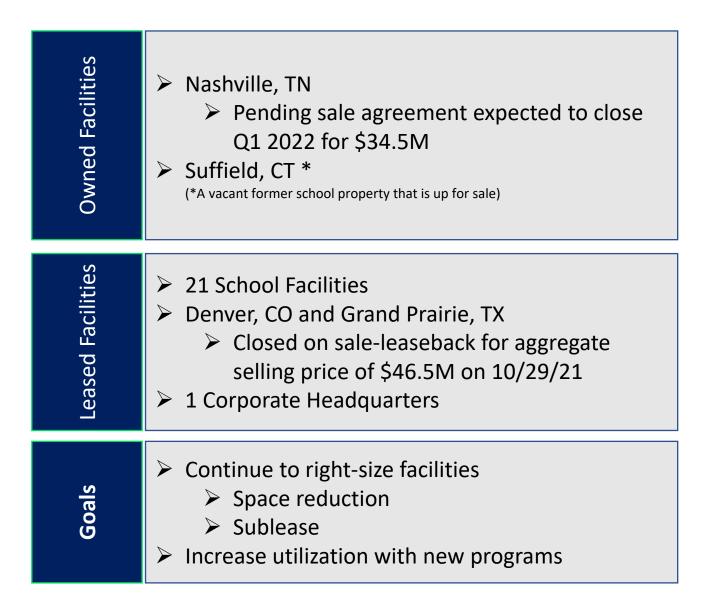
Liquidity

- Cash and cash equivalents as of 09/30/2021; ~\$47M
- Closed on sale-leaseback on 10/29/2021 with net proceeds of ~\$28.5M after loan paydown
- > No debt outstanding as of 10/31/2021; \$11M available under revolving line of credit
- Cash and cash equivalents as of 10/31/2021: ~\$80M
- Negotiating a new credit facility to further increase availability and financial flexibility with more favorable terms



Real Estate Assets







2021 Refined Financial Guidance

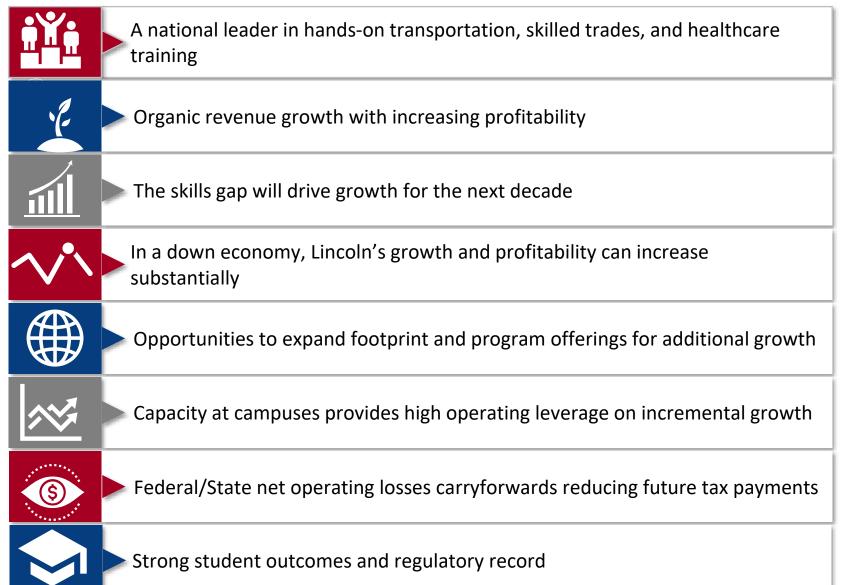
	2021
Revenue	+12% - 14% over 2020
Starts	+7% - 8% over 2020
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$35M - \$37M
Pre-Tax Income	\$25M - \$27M
Capital Expenditures	~\$7.5M

*Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as EBITDA adding back non-cash stock compensation expense.



Investment Merits







Appendix





Use of Non-GAAP Financial Information

This presentation contains non-GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) financial measures, which are intended to supplement, but not substitute for, the most directly comparable GAAP measures. Management chooses to disclose to investors these non-GAAP financial measures because they provide an additional analytical tool to clarify the results from operations and help to identify underlying trends. Additionally, such measures help compare the company's performance on a consistent basis across time periods. Management defines As Reported as actual operating results derived from previously filed annual and guarterly financial information submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Management defines EBITDA as loss before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Management defines Pro forma as actual operating results derived from previously filed annual and guarterly financial information submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission excluding unusual and non-recurring transactions such as closed school operations, gain on sale of assets and interest normalization. Management defines interest normalization as adjusting interest expense on debt from prior years using the Company's current credit agreement terms. To obtain a complete understanding of the company's performance, these measures should be examined in connection with revenue, operating loss and net loss, determined in accordance with GAAP, as presented in the financial statements and notes thereto included in the annual and guarterly filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Since the items excluded from these measures are significant components in understanding and assessing financial performance under GAAP, these measures should not be considered to be an alternative to revenue, operating loss and net loss as a measure of the company's operating performance. Exclusion of items in the non-GAAP presentation should not be construed as an inference that these items are unusual, infrequent or non-recurring. Other companies, including other companies in the education industry, may calculate non-GAAP financial measures differently than the Company does, limiting their usefulness as a comparative measure across companies. A reconciliation of the historical non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures is included in the following slides.



Financial Statements

Our financial statements reflect the following operational results:

- Consolidated operations consists of total operations from the 2 on-going campus segments (Transportation and Skilled Trades & Healthcare and Other Professions), transitional segment campuses & corporate expenses
- 2. Transitional segment operations consists of campuses that have been closed
 - As of January 1, 2019 there are no operations in the Transitional segment
 - In 2018 we had one campus under the Transitional segment
- **3. Pro-forma operations** reflects operations from the 2 on-going segments & corporate but excludes the Transitional segment



Quarterly EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

	For the Three Months Ended									or the		Foi	' the	e Three l	Mor	nths Ende	d	I	or the
	March 31, June 30 2020 2020			Sept 30, 2020			Dec 31, 2020	Year Ended 2020		March 31, 2021			ıne 30, 2021	S	ept 30, 2021	Dec 31, 2021	Ye	ar Ended 2021	
Net Income (loss)																			
Total Company	\$	(1,750)	\$	783	\$	3,512	\$	46,020	\$	48,565	\$	4,489	\$	2,426	\$	3,839		\$	10,754
Add-back:																			
Interest expense, net		354		327		278		315		1,274		285		297		292			874
Provision for income taxes		50		50		50		(35,209)		(35,059)		1,245		729		1,614			3,588
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(1,346)	\$	1,160	\$	3,840	\$	11,126	\$	14,780	\$	6,019	\$	3,452	\$	5,745		\$	15,216
Depreciation and amortization:																			
Total Company		1,890		1,874		1,783		1,854		7,401		1,901		1,793		1,927			5,621
EBITDA	\$	544	\$	3,034	\$	5,623	\$	12,980	\$	22,181	\$	7,920	\$	5,245	\$	7,672		\$	20,837
Stock Compensation		292		325		670		400		1,686		493		844		757			2,094
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	836	\$	3,359	\$	6,293	\$	13,380	\$	23,868	\$	8,413	\$	6,088	\$	8,429		\$	22,930



Quarterly EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

	For the Three Months Ended									or the		I	or the							
	March 31, . 2018		J	June 30, 2018		Sept 30, 2018		Dec 31, 2018		Year Ended 2018		Mar 31, 2019		Jun 30, 2019		ep 30, 2019	Dec 31, 2019		Ye	ar Ended 2019
Net Income (loss)																				
Total Company	\$	(6,874)	\$	(4,104)	\$	(600)	\$	5,032	\$	(6,545)		\$ (5,	467)	\$	(3,063)	\$ 1,339	\$	9,206	\$	2,015
Transitional		(131)		(899)		(1,865)		(3,099)		(5,994)			-		-	 -		-		-
Pro Forma Total	\$	(6,742)	\$	(3,205)	\$	1,265	\$	8,131	\$	(551)		\$ (5	467)	\$	(3,063)	\$ 1,339	\$	9,206	\$	2,015
Add-back:																				
Interest expense, net		563		531		625		673		2,391			552		827	754		822		2,955
Provision for income taxes		50		50		50		50		200			50		144	 50		24		268
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(6,130)	\$	(2,625)	\$	1,940	\$	8,854	\$	2,040		\$ (4)	865)	\$	(2,093)	\$ 2,143	\$	10,052	\$	5,237
Depreciation and amortization:																				
Total Company		2,100		2,088		2,102		2,131		8,421		2	050		1,940	1,982		2,144		8,116
Transitional		4		4		4		8		18			-		-	-		-		-
Pro Forma Total		2,097		2,084		2,098		2,123		8,402		2	050		1,940	 1,982		2,144		8,116
EBITDA	<u>\$</u>	(4,033)	<u>\$</u>	(540)	\$	4,039	\$	10,977	\$	10,443		\$ (2	<u>816</u>)	\$	(152)	\$ 4,126	\$	12,197	\$	13,354



Pro Forma Operations EBITDA Reconciliation* (\$ in thousands)

		ſ	or t	he Year	End	led Dece	mbe	er 31, 2018	8	For the Year Ended December 31, 2019												
	ar	nsportation nd Skilled Trades	on Healthcare and Other		Transitional		Corporate		Total		Ti	Transportation and Skilled Trades		Healthcare and Other Professions		Transitiona		Corporate		Total		
Net Income (loss)	\$	17,659	\$	6,466	\$	(5,994)	\$	(24,676)	\$	(6,545)		\$	21,979	\$	7,588	\$	-	\$ (27,552)	\$	2,015		
Add-back:																						
Interest expense, net		2		3		-		2,386		2,391			-		-		-	2,955		2,955		
Provision for income taxes		-		-		-		200		200	_		-		-		-	268		268		
Operating Income (loss)	\$	17,661	\$	6,469	\$	(5,994)	\$	(22,090)	\$	(3,954)	9	\$	21,979	\$	7,588	\$	-	\$ (24,329)	\$	5,238		
Depreciation and amortization		7,568		250		18		585		8,421	_		7,236		409		-	471		8,115		
EBITDA	<u>\$</u>	25,229	\$	6,719	\$	(5,976)	\$	<u>(21,505</u>)	\$	4,467		\$	29,215	\$	7,997	\$	-	<u>\$ (23,858)</u>	\$	13,353		
Pro Forma EBITDA Add-Back:							<u> </u>															
Transitional									\$	5,976									\$	-		
Pro Forma Operations EBITDA									\$	10,443									\$	13,353		