Investor Presentation





Quarter Ended December 31, 2020



Safe Harbor Statement

Statements in this presentation regarding Lincoln's business that are not historical facts may be "forward-looking statements" that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time those statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause such differences include, but are not limited to: our failure to comply with the extensive regulatory framework applicable to our industry or our failure to obtain timely regulatory approvals in connection with a change of control of our company or acquisitions; our success in updating and expanding the content of existing programs and developing new programs in a cost-effective manner or on a timely basis; risks associated with changes in applicable federal laws and regulations, including final rules that took effect during 2011 and other pending rulemaking by the U.S. Department of Education; uncertainties regarding our ability to comply with federal laws and regulations regarding the 90/10 rule and cohort default rates; risks associated with the opening of new campuses; risks associated with integration of acquired schools; industry competition; our ability to execute our growth strategies; conditions and trends in our industry; the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on our business and the U.S. and global economics; general economic conditions; and other factors discussed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. For a discussion of such risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" in Lincoln's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. All forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement, and Lincoln undertakes no obligation to revise or update this news release to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof.



Investment Opportunity

- The Skills Gap Employers cannot find enough technically trained employees
- Lincoln is a leading, technical, hands-on educator and trainer serving high demand industries (transportation, skilled trades and healthcare) facing this Skills Gap
- Enrollment and revenue grew organically while facing a strong employment market;
 both are now expected to accelerate due to higher unemployment
- Significant operating leverage with 40% of incremental revenue dropping to the bottom line
- Strong balance sheet with resources to expand programs and campuses to accelerate growth
- Lincoln should emerge from COVID-19 disruption in an excellent position for growth
 - Lincoln has historically benefited from economic slowdowns
 - Renewed attention on healthcare careers
 - Methods of operating under distance learning can be retained to deliver education under a more efficient blended strategy going forward















Entering 2021: A New Chapter for Lincoln

2015 – 2017 Restructuring

- Pressures throughout industry
- Programs realigned
- Campuses closed
- Cost cutting

2018 – 2020 Turnaround

- Leadership changes
- Positive new student starts
- Enrollment growth
- Return to profitability
- Financing transactions

2021 & beyond Growth

- Achieving organic growth
- Resources to accelerate growth
- Increase marketing
- Expand and add programs
- Add campuses



Transformational Impact of COVID-19

Pivoted to Online/Blended

- All campuses were closed mid March & moved to remote services
- Campuses started to re-open in June with all open by August
- All campus support services offered at the campus and remotely
- Lincoln finished 2020 financially stronger than 2019

Strong 2020 Results

- Revenue grew by 7.2% to \$293.0 million and starts increased 10.7%
- EBITDA grew by 65.6% to \$22.2 million
- Cash increased and debt declined to end the year net cash +
- Started 2021 with 1,034 more students

2021 Operations

- Expect to operate with the current social distancing rules
- New student starts should remain strong
- Improving online delivery to enhance student engagement
- Launching 4 new programs to increase growth

2022 and Beyond

- All programs will be blended 25% online / 75% on campus.
- Lincoln's existing operations will be simplified and streamlined
- Additional services will improve graduation and placement rates
- Operating efficiencies should lead to increased profitability



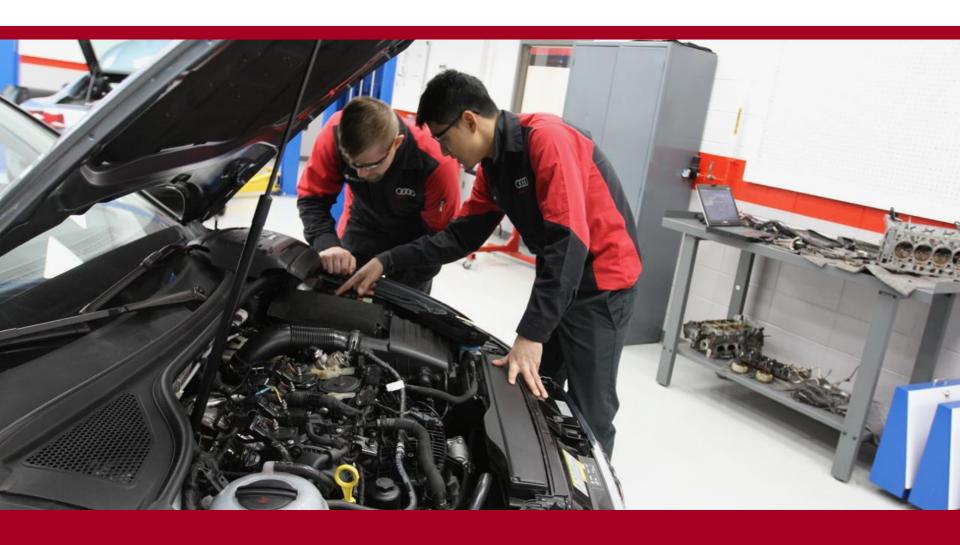
Lincoln Graduates are Essential Workers

Approximately 90% of our students are pursuing careers that the U.S Department of Homeland Security considers Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers.





Company Overview





Nasdaq: LINC

- A national leader with nearly 75 years of experience
- Focused on providing hands-on training serving national, large regional, and local employers in transportation, skilled trades, and healthcare
- Strong student outcomes and regulatory record
- The growing "middle skills gap" will drive growth for the next decade
- Increased student starts has returned Lincoln to profitability
- High operating leverage as enrollment grows
- Recent financing transactions provide flexibility to accelerate growth
- Opportunities to expand footprint and program offerings for additional growth

Stock Price as of 12/31/2020	\$6.50	Revenues (2020)	\$293.1 million
52-week Price Range	\$1.77 - \$7.87	EBITDA (2020)	\$22.2 million
Common Shares Outstanding	24.7 million	Institutional Ownership	72%
Market Capitalization	\$160.9 million	Insider Ownership	9%
Average Volume (3 mo.)	119,563		



Lincoln Today



- Headquartered in Parsippany, NJ
- Operates 22 campuses in 14 states with approximately 12,300 students
- Two segments focused on "middle skills training"

Transportation and Skilled Trades	Healthcare and Other Professions
13 Campuses	9 Campuses
Approximately 7,900 students*	Approximately 4,400 students*
High employer demand for training in Automotive, Diesel, HVAC, CNC, Welding, Electrical	Growing demand for healthcare professionals
Growing list of industry partners	Strong demand by students especially for licensed practical nursing



Campuses Across the Country

Opportunity for expansion in the South and West





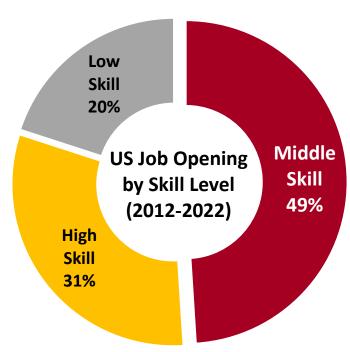
Demand for "Middle Skills Training"

Middle-skill jobs, which require education beyond high school but not a four-year degree, make up the largest part of America's labor market.

(Source: National Skills Coalition)

Lincoln connects employers with entry level trained professionals from the adult, high school and military sectors.





Source: NSC analysis of long-term occupational projections from state labor/employment agency.



Drivers of Organic Demand for Training

Supply

- Societal pressure to go to college
- Elimination of Vo-Tec programs



Skills Gap

Demand

- Silver Tsunami aging baby-boomers retiring from the workplace
- Growing skepticism of the value of college
- Employers struggle to find interested candidates
- Simple jobs have become more complex with technology
- Strong demand in healthcare, manufacturing and construction
- Infrastructure spending will exacerbate the shortage
- Less stigma Essential Workers



Significant Opportunity for Organic Growth

BLS data for annual new hires for Lincoln's top programs

Transportation and Skilled Transportation	Healthcare and Other Professions				
Automotive Technology	74,000	LPN	66,300		
Diesel Technology	28,400	Medical Assisting	99,700		
Collision Repair	16,000	Dental Assisting	44,800		
Electrical	94,600	Culinary	158,500		
Welding	48,800	Baking & Pastry	28,100		
HVAC	42,800	Cosmetology	94,600		
Electronic Systems Technology	12,700	Aesthetics	9,400		
CNC Manufacturing Technology	13,600	Information Technology	65,000		
Lincoln's Market Share ~1.5	5%	Lincoln's Market Share ~0.5%			

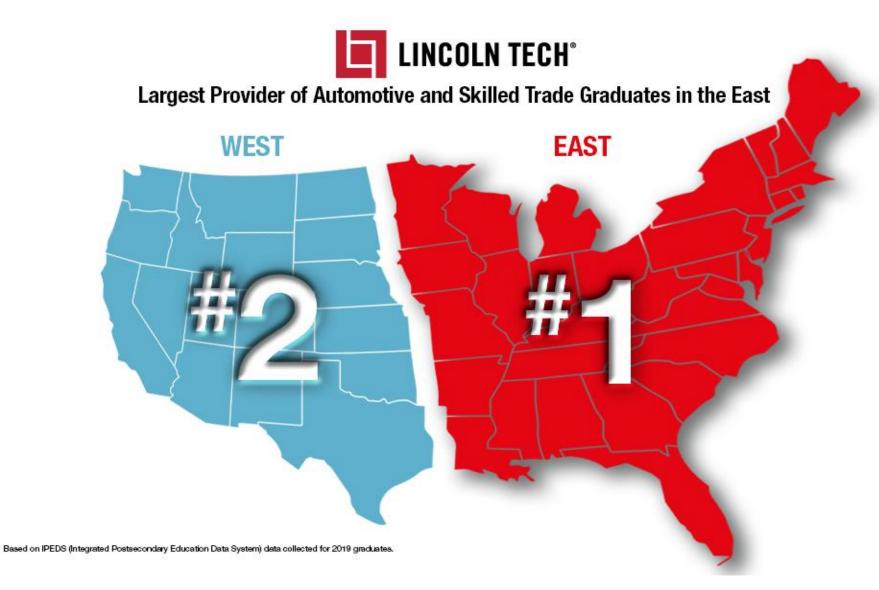
National figures cited above are based on projected annual job openings which refers to the average annual job openings due to growth and net replacement. This data was compiled from the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the years 2018 through 2028, www.careeronestop.org, captured on November 2, 2020. State-specific employment projections can also be found at careeronestop.org.



Lincoln's Workforce Solution Differentiator— Not your local Community College

- Superior graduation rates and placement rates
- Develop training programs with feedback from employers and key industry associations to understand gaps and needs
- Integrate industry preferred licensing and certifications into the curriculum
- Expect students to meet employability standards for appearance, attendance and professional attitude while in school
- Build labs and shops that replicate the working environment using professional grade equipment and tools
- Incorporate cutting edge education technology with animations, videos and simulations to make learning active and engaging
- Offer an accelerated program with multiple entry points to allow students to graduate quickly and enter the workforce earlier
- Provide robust student support services to ensure strong outcomes







Growing Base of Industry Partners

- Positions Lincoln as long-term solutions provider for both entry level technicians and advanced workforce training
- Employers appreciate the technical and soft skills of our students
- Partners provide validation of the quality of our education
- Co-branding opportunities with elite partners helps attract new students
- Partners provide better job opportunities for our graduates











































Experienced Management Team (Years at Lincoln)



Scott Shaw
President and CEO
(20)



Brian Meyers EVP, CFO & Treasurer (18)



Stephen Buchenot EVP of Campus Operations (28)



Chad Nyce EVP, Chief Innovation Officer (1)



Alexandra Luster EVP, General counsel & Secretary (26)



Stephen Ace SVP of Human Resources (13)



Ami Bhandari SVP of Education and Corporate Strategy (18)



Susan English
SVP of Career Services &
Industry Partners (36)



Francis Giglio
SVP of Compliance and
Regulatory (17)



James Rasmussen SVP Admissions (14)



Tayfun Selen SVP Administration and Real Estate (10)



Peter Tahinos SVP of Marketing (6)



Val Thomas SVP & Chief Information Officer (11)



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



J. Barry Morrow
Non-Executive Chairman,
Lincoln Educational
Services; Founder &
Chief Executive Officer,
BK Capital Group



John A. Bartholdson Co-Founder & Partner, Juniper Investment Co. LLC



Peter S. Burgess
Former Business
Advisory Partner,
Arthur Anderson LLP



James J. Burke, Jr. Founder & Managing Partner, JJB Capital Partners LLC



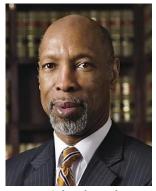
Kevin M. Carney Former Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer, Web.com Group Inc.



Celia H. Currin
Former Marketing
Executive, Dow Jones &
Wall Street Journal



Ronald E. Harbour Senior Advisor, Global Automotive Manufacturing Practice, Oliver Wyman Co.



Dr. Michael A. PlaterFormer University
President, Strayer
University



Carlton Rose
President, Global Fleet
Maintenance &
Engineering, UPS; 1981
Lincoln Tech Graduate



Scott M. Shaw
President & Chief
Executive Officer, Lincoln
Educational Services



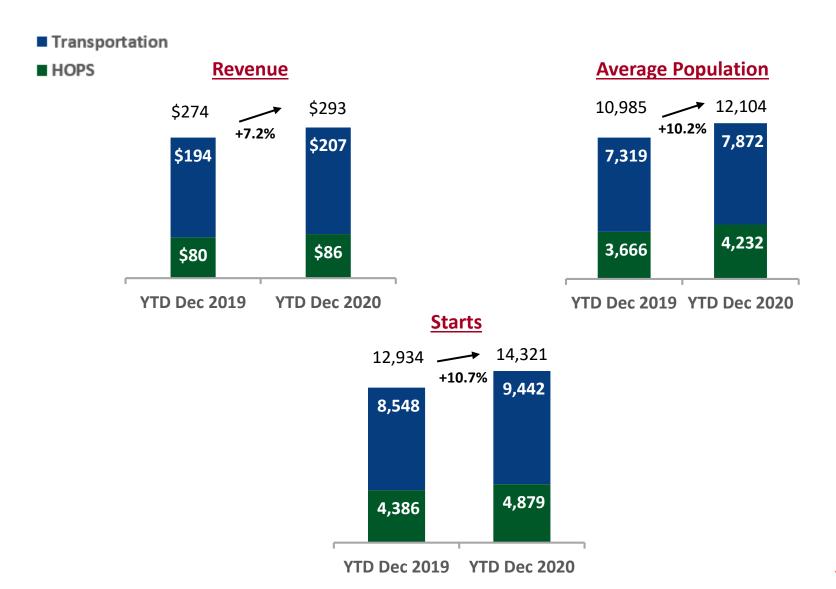
Financial Review





YTD December Revenue, Starts, & Average Population

(\$ in millions)



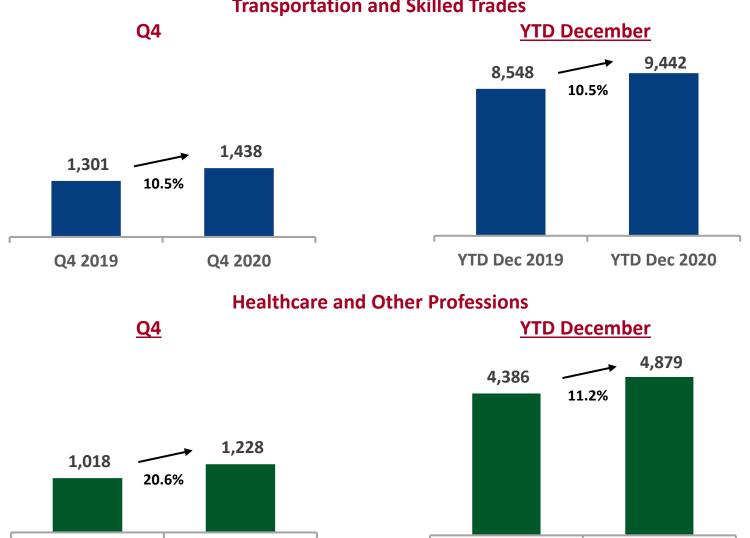


Student Starts

Q4 2019

Q4 2020

Transportation and Skilled Trades



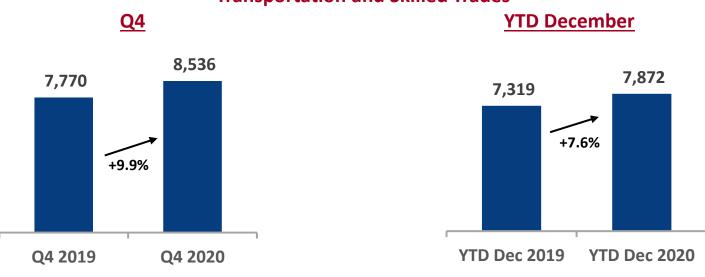
YTD Dec 2019

YTD Dec 2020



Average Student Population





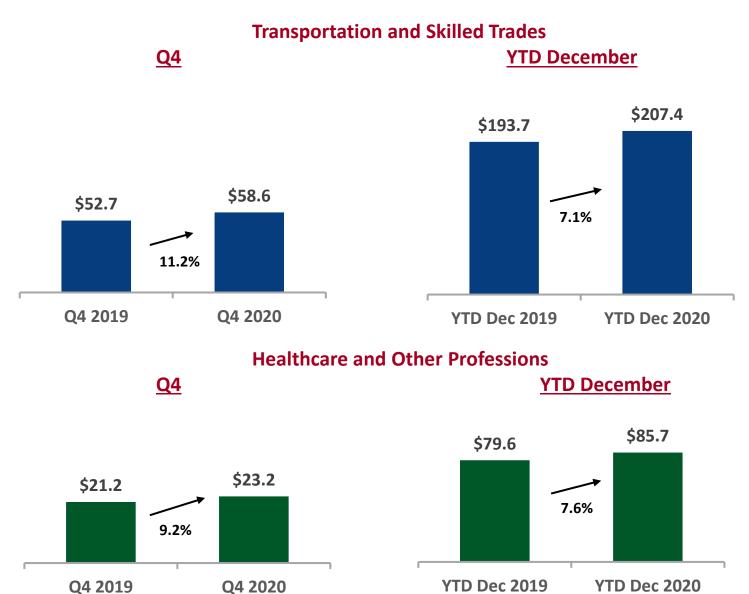
Healthcare and Other Professions







Revenue (\$ in millions)





Total Operations (\$ in millions)

- Approximately 12,300 students enrolled at 22 campuses as of 12/31/2020
- Key metrics such as revenue, average population continue to grow





Transportation and Skilled Trades (\$ in millions)

- Approximately 7,900 students enrolled at 13 campuses as of 12/31/2020
- High demand for training in Automotive, Diesel, HVAC, CNC, Welding, Electrical
- Growing list of industry partners





Healthcare and Other Professions (\$ in millions)

- Approximately 4,400 students at 9 campuses as of 12/31/2020
- Growing demand for healthcare professionals
- Strong demand by students especially for Licensed Practical Nursing

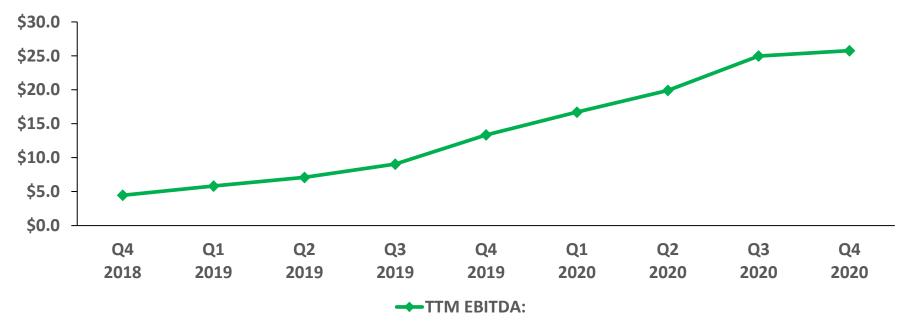






Increasing Profitability (\$ in millions)

Total Company EBITDA on a Trailing 12-month basis



- Lincoln's EBITDA has increased in each quarter of 2020 as compared to 2019
- 12/31/2020 EBITDA was +\$22.2M vs. +\$13.4M on 12/31/2019



COVID-19 CARES Act

- Student Funds
 - Funds Received: \$13.7M
 - Funds Distributed: \$13.7M as of 01/31/2021
 - Number of Students that received funds approximately 21,400
- Institutional Funds
 - Funds Received \$13.7M
 - \$5.8M has been used by the Company
 - Majority funds used to directly benefit students





EBITDA & Net Income Summary (\$ in millions)

	Q ²	1	Υ٦	D	Growth		
•	2019 2020		2019	2020	Q4	YTD	
Revenue:							
Transportation	\$52.7	\$58.6	\$193.7	\$207.4			
HOPS	\$21.2	\$23.2	\$79.6	\$85.7			
Total Revenue	\$73.9	\$81.8	\$273.3	\$293.1	10.7%	7.2%	
EBITDA							
Transportation	\$12.8	\$17.2	\$29.2	\$40.9			
HOPS	\$3.5	\$4.8	\$8.0	\$11.5			
Corporate	-\$4.1	-\$9.0	-\$23.9	-\$30.3			
Total EBITDA	\$12.2	\$13.0	\$13.4	\$22.2	6.4%	66.1%	
Net Income							
Transportation	\$10.9	\$15.6	\$22.0	\$34.5			
HOPS	\$3.4	\$4.7	\$7.6	\$11.1			
Corporate	-\$5.1	\$25.7	-\$27.6	\$3.0			
Total Net Income	\$9.2	\$46.0	\$2.0	\$48.6	399.9%	2310.5%	



Income Taxes

- 2020 Release of Valuation Allowance \$35.9M
- 2021 Effective Tax Rate 27%
 - NOL's to offset future taxable income
 - Federal \$43.1M
 - State \$77.2M¹







 $^{^{1}}$ some states have NOL utilization limitation, therefore, 2021 taxable income would not be completely offset by the carryforward NOL



Pro Forma Operations Seasonality*

Pro Forma EBITDA Seasonality (\$ in 000's)												
		Q1	Q2		Q3		Q4			TY		
2018	\$	(4,033)	\$	(540)	\$	4,039	\$	10,977	\$	10,442		
2019	\$	(2,814)		(153)		4,125		12,197		13,355		
2020	\$	544	\$	3,034	\$	5,623	\$	12,980	\$	22,181		

Pro Forma Starts Seasonality Q2 Q3 Q1 Q4 TY 2018 2,707 2,874 4,623 2,113 12,317 2019 2,859 2,319 12,934 2,977 4,779 2020 2,716 3,429 5,510 2,666 14,321

³¹



Liquidity

- \$45 million credit facility
 - \$20 million funded term loan Outstanding as of 12/31/2020 approx. \$17.8 million
 - \$10 million delayed draw term loan Zero as of 12/31/2020, \$10 million available
 - \$15 million revolving line of credit (\$10 sublimit for standby letters of credit) \$11 million available as of 12/31/2020
- Improved balance sheet due to financing activities

As of 12/31/2020	
Cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$38.0M
Credit agreement availability	\$21.0M
Total Liquidity	\$59.0M
Outstanding Debt	\$17.8M





Real Estate Assets

- Owned Facilities
- \$60M Appraised Value (as of April 2019)
 - Denver, CO
 - Grand Prairie, TX
 - Nashville, TN
- ~\$30M Net Book Value
- Suffield, CT *

Leased Properties

- 19 School Facilities
- 1 Corporate Headquarters

Goals:

- ✓ Continue to right-size facilities
 - Space reduction
 - Sublease
- ✓ Increase utilization with new programs

^{*} A vacant former school property that is up for sale.



2021 Financial Guidance

	2021
Revenue	+ 7% – 12% over 2020
Starts	+ 5% – 10% over 2020
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$29M - \$34M
Pre-Tax Income	\$19M - \$24M
Capital Expenditures	~\$7.5M

^{*}Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as EBITDA adding back non-cash stock compensation expense.









Investment Merits

- A national leader in hands-on transportation, skilled trades, and healthcare training
- Organic revenue growth with increasing profitability
- The skills gap will drive growth for the next decade
- In a down economy, Lincoln's growth and profitability can increase substantially
- Opportunities to expand footprint and program offerings for additional growth
- Capacity at campuses provides high operating leverage on incremental growth
- Federal/State net operating losses carryforwards reducing future tax payments
- Strong student outcomes and regulatory record



Appendix





Use of Non-GAAP Financial Information

This presentation contains non-GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) financial measures, which are intended to supplement, but not substitute for, the most directly comparable GAAP measures. Management chooses to disclose to investors these non-GAAP financial measures because they provide an additional analytical tool to clarify the results from operations and help to identify underlying trends. Additionally, such measures help compare the company's performance on a consistent basis across time periods. Management defines As Reported as actual operating results derived from previously filed annual and quarterly financial information submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Management defines EBITDA as loss before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Management defines Pro forma as actual operating results derived from previously filed annual and quarterly financial information submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission excluding unusual and non-recurring transactions such as closed school operations, gain on sale of assets and interest normalization. Management defines interest normalization as adjusting interest expense on debt from prior years using the Company's current credit agreement terms. To obtain a complete understanding of the company's performance, these measures should be examined in connection with revenue, operating loss and net loss, determined in accordance with GAAP, as presented in the financial statements and notes thereto included in the annual and quarterly filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Since the items excluded from these measures are significant components in understanding and assessing financial performance under GAAP, these measures should not be considered to be an alternative to revenue, operating loss and net loss as a measure of the company's operating performance. Exclusion of items in the non-GAAP presentation should not be construed as an inference that these items are unusual, infrequent or non-recurring. Other companies, including other companies in the education industry, may calculate non-GAAP financial measures differently than the Company does, limiting their usefulness as a comparative measure across companies. A reconciliation of the historical non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures is included in the following slides.



Financial Statements

Our financial statements reflect the following operational results:

- **1. Consolidated operations** consists of total operations from the 2 on-going campus segments (Transportation and Skilled Trades & Healthcare and Other Professions), transitional segment campuses & corporate expenses
- 2. Transitional segment operations consists of campuses that have been closed
 - As of January 1, 2019 there are no operations in the Transitional segment
 - In 2018 we had one campus under the Transitional segment
 - In 2017 we had six campuses under the Transitional segment
- **3. Pro-forma operations** reflects operations from the 2 on-going segments & corporate but excludes the Transitional segment (closed campus in 2017 & 2018)



Quarterly EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

Net Income (loss)
Total Company

Add-back:

Interest expense, net Provision for income taxes

Operating Income (loss)

Depreciation and amortization: Total Company

EBITDA

Stock Compensation

Adjusted EBITDA

	For the								
March 31, 2020		June 30, 2020		Sept 30, 2020		Dec 31, 2020		Year Ended 2020	
\$	(1,750)	\$	783	\$	3,512	\$	46,020	\$	48,565
	354 50		327 50		278 50		315 (35,209)		1,274 (35,059)
\$	(1,346)	\$	1,160	\$	3,840	\$	11,126	\$	14,780
<u></u>	1,890 544	<u> </u>	1,874 3,034	<u> </u>	1,783 5,623	<u> </u>	1,854 12,980	 \$	7,401 22,181
; \$	292 836	;	325 3,359	, \$	670 6,293	, \$	400 13,380	\$	1,686 23,868



Quarterly EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

Net Income (loss)
Total Company
Transitional
Pro Forma Total
Add-back:
Interest expense, net
Provision for income taxes
Operating Income (loss)
Depreciation and amortization:
Total Company
Transitional
Pro Forma Total
EBITDA

	Foi	F								
March 31, 2018		J	une 30, 2018	,	Sept 30, 2018	Dec 31, 2018		Year Ende 2018		
\$ -	(6,874) (131) (6,742)	\$ -	(4,104) (899) (3,205)	_	(600) (1,865) 1,265	\$ -	5,032 (3,099) 8,131	\$ 	(6,545) (5,994) (551)	\$ - \$
\$	563 50 (6,130)	\$	531 50 (2,625)	\$	625 50 1,940	\$	673 50 8,854	\$	2,391 200 2,040	_ \$
\$	2,100 4 2,097 (4,033)	\$	2,088 4 2,084 (540)	\$	2,102 4 2,098 4,039	\$	2,131 8 2,123 10,977	<u>\$</u>	8,421 18 8,402 10,443	<u>-</u> \$

	For the								
Mar 31, 2019		Jun 30, 2019		Sep 30, 2019		Dec 31, 2019		Year Ended 2019	
\$	(F. 467)	۲	(2.062)	Ļ	1 220	Ļ	0.206	\$	2.015
Ş	(5,467)	Ş	(3,063)	Ş	1,339	\$	9,206	Þ	2,015
\$	(5,467)	\$	(3,063)	\$	1,339	\$	9,206	\$	2,015
	552		827		754		822		2,955
	50		144		50		24		268
\$	(4,865)	\$	(2,093)	\$	2,143	\$	10,052	\$	5,237
	2,050		1,940		1,982		2,144		8,116
	-		-		-		-		-
_	2,050		1,940		1,982		2,144		8,116
\$	(2,816)	\$	(152)	\$	4,126	\$	12,197	\$	13,354



Pro Forma Operations EBITDA Reconciliation* (\$ in thousands)

Net Income (loss)
Add-back:
Interest expense, net
Provision for income taxes
Operating Income (loss)
Depreciation and amortization
EBITDA

Pro Forma EBITDA Add-Back: Transitional **Pro Forma Operations EBITDA**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018										
Transportation and Skilled Trades		Healthcare and Other Professions		Transitional		Corporate			Total	
\$	17,659	\$	6,466	\$	(5,994)	\$	(24,676)	\$	(6,545)	
	2		3		-		2,386 200		2,391 200	
\$	17,661 7,568	\$	6,469 250	\$	(5,994) 18	\$	(22,090) 585	\$	(3,954) 8,421	
\$	25,229	\$	6,719	\$	(5,976)	\$	(21,505)	\$	4,467	
						_				
								\$	5,976	
								\$	10,443	

Transportation and Skilled Trades		For the Year Healthcare and Other Professions		Transitional		Corporate		Total	
\$	21,979	\$	7,588	\$	-	\$	(27,552)	\$	2,015
	-		-		_		2,955		2,955
			-		-		268		268
\$	21,979	\$	7,588	\$	-	\$	(24,329)	\$	5,238
	7,236		409				471		8,115
\$	29,215	\$	7,997	\$	-	\$	(23,858)	\$	13,353



Pro Forma Operations EBITDA Reconciliation* (\$ in thousands)

Net Income (loss)
Total Company
Transitional
Pro Forma Net Income
Operating Income Add-back:
Interest expense, net
Provision for income taxes
Pro Forma Operating Income (loss)
Depreciation and amortization net of Transitional
Gain on Sale of Fixed Asset
Pro Forma EBITDA

	Foi	ı	or the							
N	March 31, 2017		June 30, 2017		Sept 30, 2017		Dec 31, 2017		Year Ended 2017	
\$	(10,928)	\$	(6,771)	\$	(1,490)	\$	7,707	\$	(11,482)	
<u> </u>	(536)		(1,760)		(3,408)		(1,223)		(6,926)	
\$	(10,392)	\$	(5,011)	\$	1,918	\$	8,929	\$	(4,556)	
\$	5,151	\$	690	\$	709	\$	492	\$	7,042	
	50	•	50	-	50	·	(424)		(274)	
\$	(5,192)	\$	(4,271)	\$	2,677	\$	8,997	\$	2,212	
	2,125		2,122		2,161		2,198		8,605	
	(26)		(63)		(1,530)		(4)		(1,623)	
\$	(3,093)	\$	(2,212)	\$	3,308	\$	11,191	\$	9,194	