Investor Presentation





Quarter Ended March 31, 2021



Safe Harbor Statement

Statements in this presentation regarding Lincoln's business that are not historical facts may be "forward-looking statements" that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time those statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause such differences include, but are not limited to: our failure to comply with the extensive regulatory framework applicable to our industry or our failure to obtain timely regulatory approvals in connection with a change of control of our company or acquisitions; our success in updating and expanding the content of existing programs and developing new programs in a cost-effective manner or on a timely basis; risks associated with changes in applicable federal laws and regulations, including final rules that took effect during 2011 and other pending rulemaking by the U.S. Department of Education; uncertainties regarding our ability to comply with federal laws and regulations regarding the 90/10 rule and cohort default rates; risks associated with the opening of new campuses; risks associated with integration of acquired schools; industry competition; our ability to execute our growth strategies; conditions and trends in our industry; the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on our business and the U.S. and global economics; general economic conditions; and other factors discussed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. For a discussion of such risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" in Lincoln's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. All forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement, and Lincoln undertakes no obligation to revise or update this news release to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof.



Investment Opportunity

- The Skills Gap Employers cannot find enough technically trained employees
- Lincoln is a leading, technical, hands-on educator and trainer serving high demand industries (transportation, skilled trades and healthcare) facing this Skills Gap
- Enrollment and revenue grew organically while facing a strong employment market.
 Both are now expected to accelerate due to higher unemployment
- Significant operating leverage with 40% of incremental revenue dropping to the bottom line
- Strong balance sheet with resources to expand programs and campuses to accelerate growth
- Lincoln should emerge from COVID-19 disruption in an excellent position for growth
 - Lincoln has historically benefited from economic slowdowns
 - Renewed attention on healthcare careers
 - Methods of operating under distance learning can be retained to deliver education under a more efficient blended strategy going forward















2021: A New Chapter for Lincoln

2015 – 2017 Restructuring

- Pressures throughout industry
- Programs realigned
- Campuses closed
- Cost cutting

2018 – 2020 Turnaround

- Leadership changes
- Positive new student starts
- Enrollment growth
- Return to profitability
- Financing transactions

2021 & beyond Growth

- Achieving organic growth
- Resources to accelerate growth
- Increase marketing
- Expand and add programs
- Add campuses



Transformational Impact of COVID-19

Pivoted to Online/Blended

- All campuses were closed mid March & moved to remote services
- Campuses started to re-open in June with all open by August
- All campus support services offered at the campus and remotely
- Lincoln finished 2020 financially stronger than 2019

Strong 2020 Results

- Revenue grew by 7.2% to \$293.0 million and starts increased 10.7%
- EBITDA grew by 66.1% to \$22.2 million
- Cash increased and debt declined to end the year net cash +
- Started 2021 with 1,034 more students

2021 Operations

- Expect to operate with the current social distancing rules
- New student starts should remain strong
- Improving online delivery to enhance student engagement
- Launching 4 new programs to increase growth

2022 and Beyond

- All programs will be blended 25% online / 75% on campus.
- Lincoln's existing operations will be simplified and streamlined
- Additional services will improve graduation and placement rates
- Operating efficiencies should lead to increased profitability



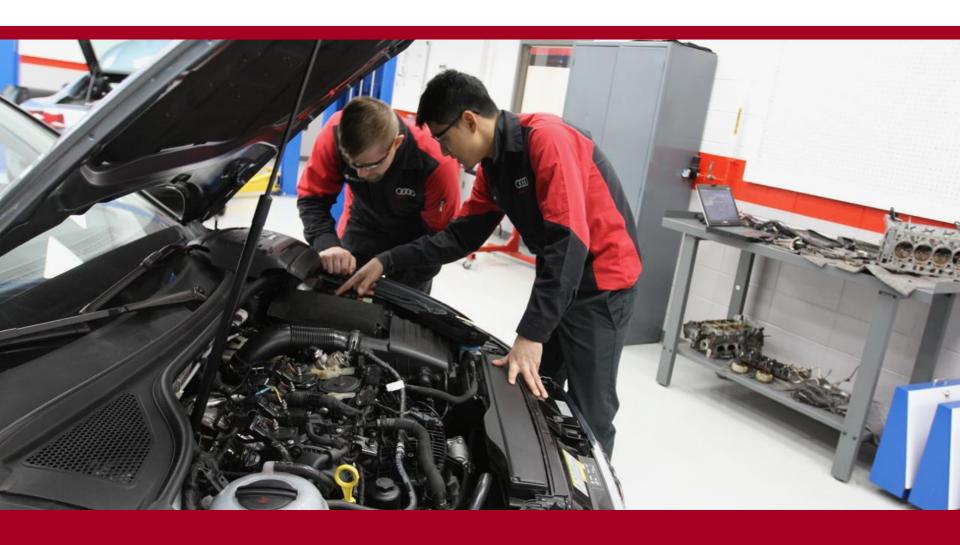
Lincoln Graduates are Essential Workers

Approximately 90% of our students are pursuing careers that the U.S Department of Homeland Security considers Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers.





Company Overview





Nasdaq: LINC

- A national leader with 75 years of experience
- Focused on providing hands-on training serving national, large regional, and local employers in transportation, skilled trades, and healthcare
- Strong student outcomes and regulatory record
- The growing "middle skills gap" will drive growth for the next decade
- Increased student starts has returned Lincoln to profitability
- High operating leverage as enrollment grows
- Recent financing transactions provide flexibility to accelerate growth
- Opportunities to expand footprint and program offerings for additional growth

Stock Price as of 03/31/2021	\$6.41	Revenues (2020)	\$293.1 million
52-week Price Range	\$2.20 - \$7.87	EBITDA (2020)	\$22.2 million
Common Shares Outstanding	26.9 million	Institutional Ownership	69.3%
Market Capitalization	\$172.4 million	Insider Ownership	9.4%
Average Volume (3 mo.)	177,723		



Lincoln Today



- Headquartered in Parsippany, NJ
- Operates 22 campuses in 14 states with approximately 12,700 students
- Two segments focused on "middle skills training"

Transportation and Skilled Trades	Healthcare and Other Professions							
13 Campuses	9 Campuses							
Approximately 8,200 students*	Approximately 4,500 students*							
High employer demand for training in Automotive, Diesel, HVAC, CNC, Welding, Electrical	Growing demand for healthcare professionals							
Growing list of industry partners	Strong demand by students especially for licensed practical nursing							



Campuses Across the Country

Opportunity for expansion in the South and West





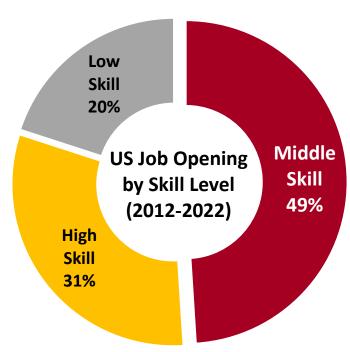
Demand for "Middle Skills Training"

Middle-skill jobs, which require education beyond high school but not a four-year degree, make up the largest part of America's labor market.

(Source: National Skills Coalition)

Lincoln connects employers with entry level trained professionals from the adult, high school and military sectors.





Source: NSC analysis of long-term occupational projections from state labor/employment agency.



Drivers of Organic Demand for Training

Supply

- Societal pressure to go to college
- Elimination of Vo-Tec programs



Skills Gap

Demand

- Silver Tsunami aging baby-boomers retiring from the workplace
- Growing skepticism of the value of college
- Employers struggle to find interested candidates
- Simple jobs have become more complex with technology
- Strong demand in healthcare, manufacturing and construction
- Infrastructure spending will exacerbate the shortage
- Less stigma Essential Workers



Significant Opportunity for Organic Growth

BLS data for annual new hires for Lincoln's top programs

Transportation and Skilled Transportation	ades	Healthcare and Other Professions						
Automotive Technology	74,000	LPN	66,300					
Diesel Technology	28,400	Medical Assisting	99,700					
Collision Repair	16,000	Dental Assisting	44,800					
Electrical	94,600	Culinary	158,500					
Welding	48,800	Baking & Pastry	28,100					
HVAC	42,800	Cosmetology	94,600					
Electronic Systems Technology	12,700	Aesthetics	9,400					
CNC Manufacturing Technology	13,600	Information Technology	65,000					
Lincoln's Market Share ~1.5	5%	Lincoln's Market Share ~0.5%						

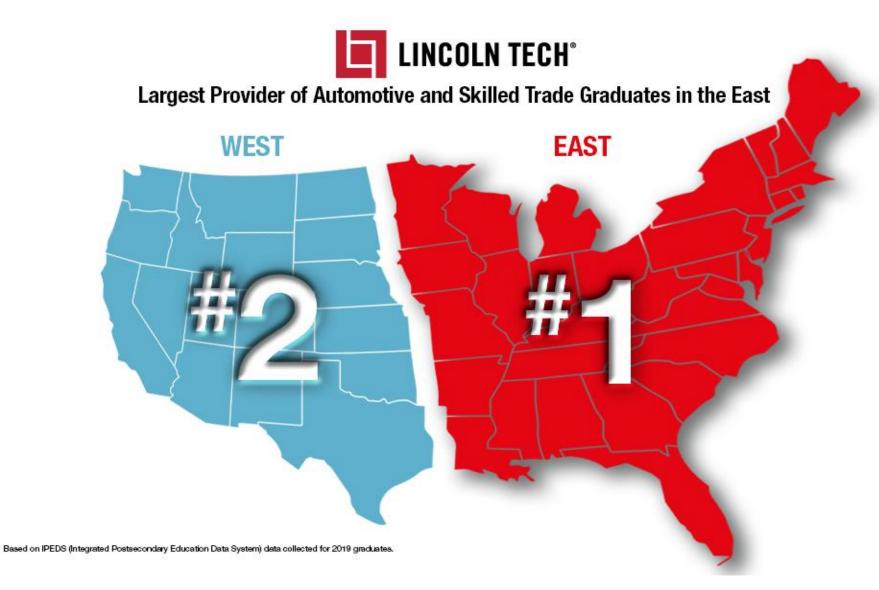
National figures cited above are based on projected annual job openings which refers to the average annual job openings due to growth and net replacement. This data was compiled from the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the years 2018 through 2028, www.careeronestop.org, captured on November 2, 2020. State-specific employment projections can also be found at careeronestop.org.



Lincoln's Workforce Solution Differentiator— Not your local Community College

- Superior graduation rates and placement rates
- Develop training programs with feedback from employers and key industry associations to understand gaps and needs
- Integrate industry preferred licensing and certifications into the curriculum
- Expect students to meet employability standards for appearance, attendance and professional attitude while in school
- Build labs and shops that replicate the working environment using professional grade equipment and tools
- Incorporate cutting edge education technology with animations, videos and simulations to make learning active and engaging
- Offer an accelerated program with multiple entry points to allow students to graduate quickly and enter the workforce earlier
- Provide robust student support services to ensure strong outcomes







Growing Base of Industry Partners

- Positions Lincoln as long-term solutions provider for both entry level technicians and advanced workforce training
- Employers appreciate the technical and soft skills of our students
- Partners provide validation of the quality of our education
- Co-branding opportunities with elite partners helps attract new students
- Partners provide better job opportunities for our graduates











































Experienced Management Team (Years at Lincoln)



Scott Shaw
President and CEO
(20)



Brian Meyers EVP, CFO & Treasurer (18)



Stephen Buchenot EVP of Campus Operations (28)



Chad Nyce EVP, Chief Innovation Officer (1)



Alexandra Luster EVP, General counsel & Secretary (26)



Stephen Ace SVP of Human Resources (13)



Ami Bhandari SVP of Education and Corporate Strategy (18)



Susan English
SVP of Career Services &
Industry Partners (36)



Francis Giglio
SVP of Compliance and
Regulatory (17)



James Rasmussen SVP Admissions (14)



Tayfun Selen SVP Administration and Real Estate (10)



Peter Tahinos SVP of Marketing (6)



Val Thomas SVP & Chief Information Officer (11)



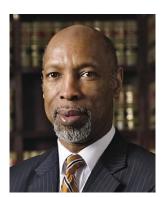
BOARD OF DIRECTORS



J. Barry Morrow
Non-Executive Chairman,
Lincoln Educational
Services; Founder &
Chief Executive Officer,
BK Capital Group



John A. Bartholdson Co-Founder & Partner, Juniper Investment Co. LLC



Dr. Michael A. PlaterFormer University
President, Strayer
University



James J. Burke, Jr. Founder & Managing Partner, JJB Capital Partners LLC



Kevin M. Carney
Former Executive Vice
President & Chief
Financial Officer,
Web.com Group Inc.



Celia H. Currin
Former Marketing
Executive, Dow Jones &
Wall Street Journal



Ronald E. Harbour Senior Advisor, Global Automotive Manufacturing Practice, Oliver Wyman Co.



Carlton Rose
President, Global Fleet
Maintenance &
Engineering, UPS; 1981
Lincoln Tech Graduate



Scott M. Shaw
President & Chief
Executive Officer, Lincoln
Educational Services



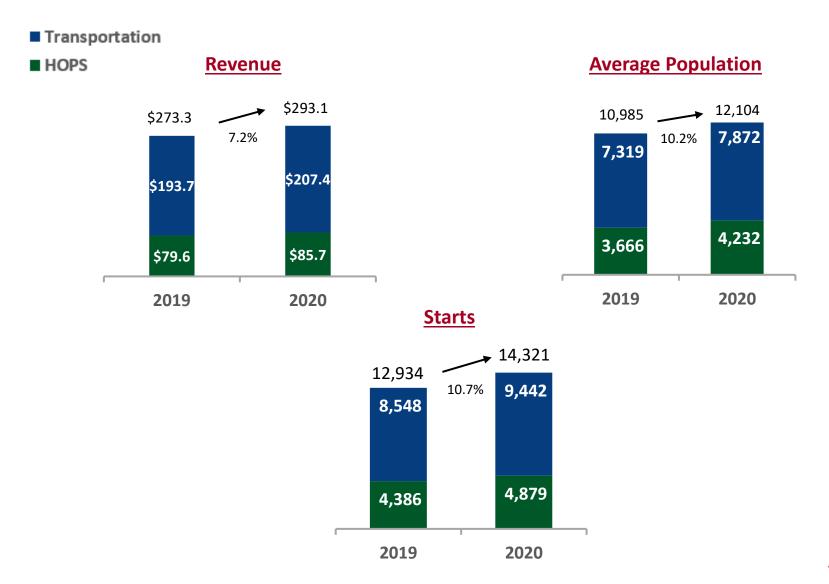
Financial Review





Revenue, Starts, & Average Population

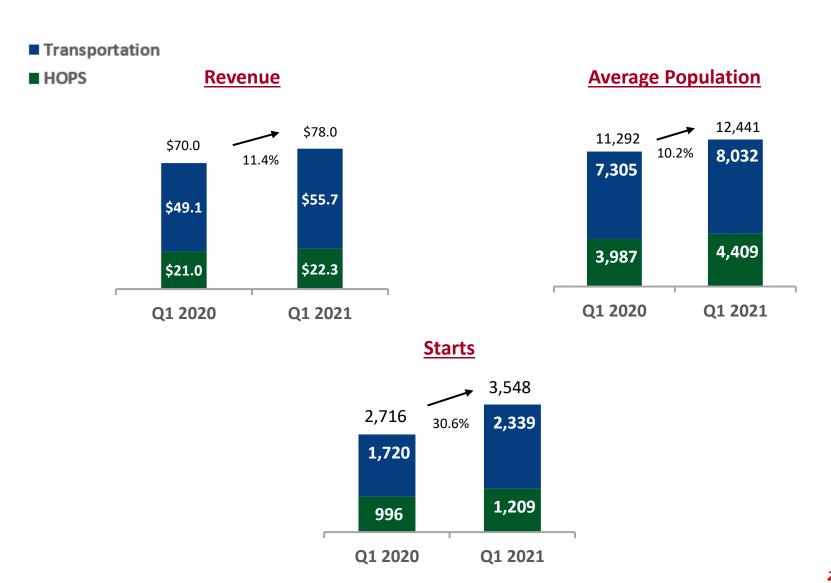
(\$ in millions





Revenue, Starts, & Average Population

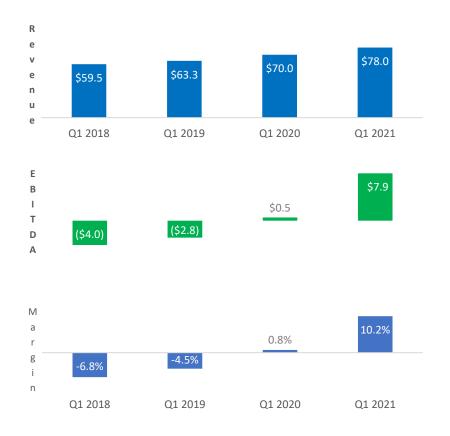
(\$ in millions





Total Operations (\$ in millions)

- Approximately 12,700 students enrolled at 22 campuses as of 03/31/2021
- Key metrics such as revenue, average population continue to grow



²²



Transportation and Skilled Trades (\$ in millions)

- Approximately 8,212 students enrolled at 13 campuses as of 03/31/2021
- High demand for training in Automotive, Diesel, HVAC, CNC, Welding, Electrical
- Growing list of industry partners

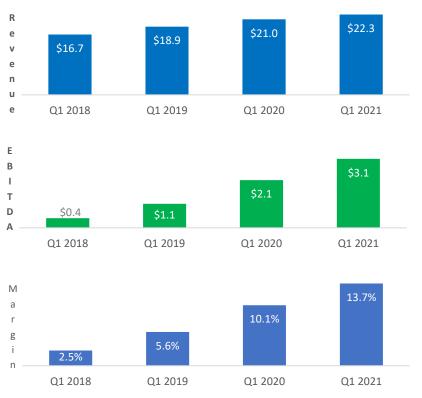


²³



Healthcare and Other Professions (\$ in millions)

- Approximately 4,532 students at 9 campuses as of 03/31/2021
- Growing demand for healthcare professionals
- Strong demand by students especially for Licensed Practical Nursing

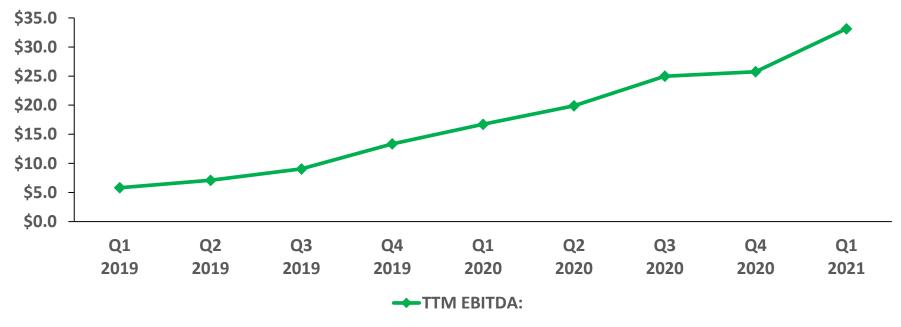


^{* 2018} excludes transitional segment (closed schools) and are presented as pro forma operations. Refer to appendix.



Increasing Profitability (\$ in millions)





- Lincoln's EBITDA has increased in each quarter of 2020 as compared to 2019
- 03/31/2021 EBITDA was +\$7.9M vs. +\$.5M on 03/31/2020



EBITDA & Net Income Summary (\$ in millions)

	Q	1	Ye	ar	Growth				
	2020	2021	2019	2020	Q1	Year			
Revenue:									
Transportation	\$49.1	\$55.7	\$193.7	\$207.4					
HOPS	\$21.0	\$22.3	\$79.6	\$85.7					
Total Revenue	\$70.0	\$78.0	\$273.3	\$293.1	11.4%	7.2%			
EBITDA									
Transportation	\$6.5	\$14.0	\$29.2	\$40.9					
HOPS	\$2.1	\$3.1	\$8.0	\$11.5					
Corporate	-\$8.1	-\$9.1	-\$23.9	-\$30.3					
Total EBITDA	\$0.5	\$7.9	\$13.4	\$22.2	1355.1%	66.1%			
Net Income									
Transportation	\$4.8	\$12.3	\$22.0	\$34.5					
HOPS	\$2.0	\$2.9	\$7.6	\$11.1					
Corporate	-\$8.6	-\$10.8	-\$27.6	\$3.0					
Total Net Income	-\$1.7	\$4.5	\$2.0	\$48.6	256.6%	2310.5%			



Income Taxes

- 2020 Release of Valuation Allowance \$35.9M
- 2021 Effective Tax Rate 27%
 - NOL's to offset future taxable income
 - Federal \$43.1M
 - State \$77.2M¹







 $^{^{1}}$ some states have NOL utilization limitation, therefore, 2021 taxable income would not be completely offset by the carryforward NOL



Pro Forma Operations Seasonality*

Pro Forma EBITDA Seasonality (\$ in 000's)													
		Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4	TY				
2018	\$	(4,033)	\$	(540)	\$	4,039	\$	10,977	\$	10,442			
2019	\$	(2,814)	\$	(153)	\$	4,125	\$	12,197	\$	13,355			
2020	\$	544	\$	3,034	\$	5,623	\$	12,980	\$	22,181			
2021	\$	7,920											

Pro Forma Starts Seasonality													
		Q1		Q2		Q3		Q4		TY			
2018	\$	2,707	\$	2,874	\$	4,623	\$	2,113	\$	12,317			
2019	\$	2,859	\$	2,977	\$	4,779	\$	2,319	\$	12,934			
2020	\$	2,716	\$	3,429	\$	5,510	\$	2,666	\$	14,321			
2021	\$	3,548											

²⁸



Liquidity

- \$45 million credit facility
 - \$20 million funded term loan Outstanding as of 03/31/2021 approx. \$17.3 million
 - \$10 million delayed draw term loan Zero as of 03/31/2021, \$10 million available
 - \$15 million revolving line of credit (\$10 sublimit for standby letters of credit) \$11 million available as of 03/31/2021
- Improved balance sheet due to financing activities

As of 03/31/2021	
Cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$26.7M
Credit agreement availability	\$21.0M
Total Liquidity	\$47.7M
Outstanding Debt	\$17.3M





Real Estate Assets

- Owned Facilities
- \$60M Appraised Value (as of April 2019)
 - Denver, CO
 - Grand Prairie, TX
 - Nashville, TN
- ~\$30M Net Book Value
- Suffield, CT *

Leased Properties

- 19 School Facilities
- 1 Corporate Headquarters

Goals:

- ✓ Continue to right-size facilities
 - Space reduction
 - Sublease
- ✓ Increase utilization with new programs

^{*} A vacant former school property that is up for sale.



2021 Financial Guidance

	2021
Revenue	+ 7% – 12% over 2020
Starts	+ 5% – 10% over 2020
Adjusted EBITDA*	\$32M - \$37M
Pre-Tax Income	\$22M - \$27M
Capital Expenditures	~\$7.5M

^{*}Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as EBITDA adding back non-cash stock compensation expense.









Investment Merits

- A national leader in hands-on transportation, skilled trades, and healthcare training
- Organic revenue growth with increasing profitability
- The skills gap will drive growth for the next decade
- In a down economy, Lincoln's growth and profitability can increase substantially
- Opportunities to expand footprint and program offerings for additional growth
- Capacity at campuses provides high operating leverage on incremental growth
- Federal/State net operating losses carryforwards reducing future tax payments
- Strong student outcomes and regulatory record



Appendix





Use of Non-GAAP Financial Information

This presentation contains non-GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) financial measures, which are intended to supplement, but not substitute for, the most directly comparable GAAP measures. Management chooses to disclose to investors these non-GAAP financial measures because they provide an additional analytical tool to clarify the results from operations and help to identify underlying trends. Additionally, such measures help compare the company's performance on a consistent basis across time periods. Management defines As Reported as actual operating results derived from previously filed annual and quarterly financial information submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission. Management defines EBITDA as loss before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Management defines Pro forma as actual operating results derived from previously filed annual and quarterly financial information submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission excluding unusual and non-recurring transactions such as closed school operations, gain on sale of assets and interest normalization. Management defines interest normalization as adjusting interest expense on debt from prior years using the Company's current credit agreement terms. To obtain a complete understanding of the company's performance, these measures should be examined in connection with revenue, operating loss and net loss, determined in accordance with GAAP, as presented in the financial statements and notes thereto included in the annual and quarterly filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Since the items excluded from these measures are significant components in understanding and assessing financial performance under GAAP, these measures should not be considered to be an alternative to revenue, operating loss and net loss as a measure of the company's operating performance. Exclusion of items in the non-GAAP presentation should not be construed as an inference that these items are unusual, infrequent or non-recurring. Other companies, including other companies in the education industry, may calculate non-GAAP financial measures differently than the Company does, limiting their usefulness as a comparative measure across companies. A reconciliation of the historical non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures is included in the following slides.



Financial Statements

Our financial statements reflect the following operational results:

- **1. Consolidated operations** consists of total operations from the 2 on-going campus segments (Transportation and Skilled Trades & Healthcare and Other Professions), transitional segment campuses & corporate expenses
- 2. Transitional segment operations consists of campuses that have been closed
 - As of January 1, 2019 there are no operations in the Transitional segment
 - In 2018 we had one campus under the Transitional segment
- **3. Pro-forma operations** reflects operations from the 2 on-going segments & corporate but excludes the Transitional segment



Quarterly EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

Net Income (loss)
Total Company
Add-back:
Interest expense, net
Provision for income taxes
Operating Income (loss)
Depreciation and amortization
Total Company
EBITDA
Stock Compensation Adjusted EBITDA

	Fo	r th	e Three	Moı	nths End	ed			For the		For	For the			
N	larch 31, 2020	J	lune 30, 2020	9	Sept 30, 2020	Dec 31, 2020		Year Ended 2020		М	arch 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	Sept 30, 2021	Dec 31, 2021	Year Ended
\$	(1,750)	\$	783	\$	3,512	\$	46,020	\$	48,565	\$	4,489				
	354		327		278		315		1,274		285				
	50		50		50		(35,209)		(35,059)		1,245				
\$	(1,346)	\$	1,160	\$	3,840	\$	11,126	\$	14,780	\$	6,019				
	1,890		1,874		1,783		1,854		7,401		1,901				
\$	544	\$	3,034	\$	5,623	\$	12,980	\$	22,181	\$	7,920				
	292		325		670		400		1,686		493				
\$	836	\$	3,359	\$	6,293	\$	13,380	\$	23,868	\$	8,413				



Dec 31,

2019

Quarterly EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in thousands)

Net Income (loss)
Total Company
Transitional
Pro Forma Total
Add-back:
Interest expense, net
Provision for income taxes
Operating Income (loss)
Depreciation and amortization:
Total Company
Transitional
Pro Forma Total
EBITDA

For the Three Months Ended									or the		For the Three Months E							
N	March 31, June 30, 2018 2018		Sept 30, 2018			Dec 31, 2018		Year Ended 2018		Mar 31, 2019		Jun 30, 2019		Sep 30, 2019				
\$ 	(6,874) (131) (6,742)	_	(4,104) (899) (3,205)	_	(600) (1,865) 1,265	\$ 	5,032 (3,099) 8,131	\$ 	(6,545) (5,994) (551)		\$ \$	(5,467) - (5,467)	_	(3,063) - (3,063)	_	1,339 - 1,339	\$ \$	
	563 50		531 50		625 50		673 50		2,391 200			552 50		827 144		754 50		
\$	(6,130)	\$	(2,625)	\$	1,940	\$	8,854	\$	2,040	1	\$	(4,865)	\$	(2,093)	\$	2,143	\$	
	2,100		2,088		2,102		2,131		8,421			2,050		1,940		1,982		
\$	2,097 (4,033)	\$	2,084 (540)	\$	2,098 4,039	\$	2,123 10,977	\$	8,402 10,443		\$	2,050 (2,816)	\$	1,940 (152)	\$	1,982 4,126	\$	

\$ (5,467) \$	(3,063) \$	1,339	\$	9,206	\$	2,015
	<u> </u>	-				-
\$ (5,467) \$	(3,063) \$	1,339	\$	9,206	\$	2,015
552	827	754		822		2,955
50	144	50		24		268
\$ (4,865) \$	(2,093) \$	2,143	\$	10,052	\$	5,237
2,050	1,940	1,982		2,144		8,116
2,050	1,940	1,982		2,144		8,116
 			_		_	
\$ (2,816) \$	(152) \$	4,126	\$	12,197	<u>\$</u>	13,354

For the

Year Ended

2019



Pro Forma Operations EBITDA Reconciliation* (\$ in thousands)

Net Income (loss)
Add-back:
Interest expense, net
Provision for income taxes
Operating Income (loss)
Depreciation and amortization
EBITDA

Pro Forma EBITDA Add-Back: Transitional **Pro Forma Operations EBITDA**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018										
Transportation and Skilled Trades		Healthcare and Other Professions		Transitional		Corporate			Total	
\$	17,659	\$	6,466	\$	(5,994)	\$	(24,676)	\$	(6,545)	
	2		3		-		2,386 200		2,391 200	
\$	17,661	\$	6,469	\$	(5,994)	\$	(22,090)	\$	(3,954)	
	7,568		250		18		585		8,421	
\$	25,229	\$	6,719	\$	(5,976)	\$	(21,505)	\$	4,467	
						_				
								\$	5,976	
								\$	10,443	

Transportation and Skilled Trades		Healthcare and Other Professions		Transitional		Corporate		Total	
\$	21,979	\$	7,588	\$	-	\$	(27,552)	\$	2,015
	-		-		_		2,955		2,955
			-		-		268		268
\$	21,979	\$	7,588	\$	-	\$	(24,329)	\$	5,238
	7,236		409		-		471		8,115
\$	29,215	\$	7,997	\$	-	\$	(23,858)	\$	13,353